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PRICE LIST OF

SPECIMEN TREES

SHRUBS, ROSES

AND FRUIT

Fall, 1910

CANCELING ALL PREVIOUS LISTS

2

WHOLESALE PRICES

ON QUANTITIES OF TEN
TO ONE THOUSAND

.

SPECIAL :

SEE NOTES ON PAGES 20, 64 AND BACK COVER

SUPERIOR FERTILIZERS

For the Lawn, Garden or Farm

PRICES NET F. O. B. SHIPPING POINT

CANADA UNLEACHED HARD-WOOD ASHES

(ANDORRA BRAND)

Are a complete fertilizer, replenishing worn-out soils, and, for the lawn or pasture, are economical and valuable. For the lawn, they are easy to handle, produce no offensive odors, are not unsightly, and, quickly leaching into the soil, the chemical properties are at once available for plant food.

Our ashes are selected only from the hard-wood districts of Canada, are carefully screened, and put in convenient packages. Apply at the rate of 1,000 to 1,500 lbs. per acre for top-dressing, or 2,000 to 2,500

lbs, for new lawns.

50-lb.bag 100-lb.bag 200-lb.bbl. Ton (10 bbls.) \$1 00 \$1 50 \$2 50 \$20 00

Cars. 15 to 20 tons At special prices.

PREPARED LIME

Where soils, from constant applications of manure, are sour and need a fertilizer to sweeten them, lime is a valuable agent. It quickly puts the soil in condition to assimilate plant-food. It frees the potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen already in the soil, and turns the nitrogen into the rich nitrates valuable for plant use.

Our prepared lime is fresh from the kilns, clean, well burnt, thoroughly decarbonized and especially prepared, so that it will go three times as far as the lump lime generally used, and is fine enough to run through a drill. Use 500 lbs. per acre.

100-lb. bag \$1 25

Ton \$12 00

Cars, 12 to 25 tons \$10 per ton.

POTASH AND PREPARED LIME

Where potash is needed in addition to lime, this preparation will be found valuable. It contains 4% actual potash, equal to 8% of sulphate of potash, the prepared lime being used as a filler, and makes a valuable top-dresser for lawn, pasture, or grass lands. Apply at the rate of 500 lbs. per acre.

> 100-lb. bag \$1 50

Ton \$14 00 Cars, 12 to 25 tons \$12 00 per ton

PEAT

We have on hand a stock of carefully selected peat, suitable for potting or planting Rhododendrons and shrubs that need such soil. Sack of about 100 lbs., 75 cents. In sacks, \$13.50 per ton.

PURE GROUND BONE

A brand of excellent quality. Analysis on request.

200-lb. bag \$3 50

Ton \$32 00 ... Cars, 15 to 30 tons Special price.

Andorra Nurseries

CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

OUR NURSERIES are extensive, covering six hundred acres, of which over three hundred are planted with trees and shrubs. They are easy of access, as Chestnut Hill is the terminus of branches of the Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia & Reading railroads, and the Chestnut Hill (City Line) trolley runs from the stations to within three minutes' walk of the Nurseries.

QUALITY.—The trees and shrubs offered are grown in open, unsheltered ground, in a very exposed situation, which insures their hardiness, and on soil admirably adapted for forming robust plants having an abundance of roots. Special attention is called to the fact that our stock is grown a good distance apart in the rows, insuring heavier trees and shrubs than are generally offered.

SHIPPING SEASON opens about March 1 in the spring and August 15 in

the fall

INSPECTION AND FUMIGATION.—Our stock is regularly inspected and certificate will be sent with each shipment. Stock will be fumigated when requested or when the State laws require it.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ORDERS .- All orders are accepted subject to the following terms and conditions. Write plainly and give explicit directions as to address and mode of shipmen

STOCK SELECTED by customers at the Nurseries will be charged ac-

cording to the value of the trees chosen.

QUANTITY.-Lots of 5 and 50 will be furnished at the 10 and 100 rates respectively.

PACKING.—All goods are thoroughly packed, thus avoiding risk, if delayed in transit. Packing charges are made at actual cost.

FORWARDING.—Shipments will be forwarded exactly as directed; but when without instructions, we will use our best judgment and forward by shortest and safest route. We recommend all herbaceous plants be shipped

RISK .- All goods are at purchaser's risk after they are delivered to the forwarding companies and we receive their receipt for the shipment in good

CLAIMS for damage while in transit must be made to the delivering company. Have delivering agent note the damaged condition on the freight

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS.—All goods are guaranteed true to name, full count, up to grade, and in good condition when shipped. Any plant proving untrue to name will be replaced. Claims to receive consideration must be made within five days after receipt of goods. We give no guarantee of the life of stock.

TERMS, CASH WITH ORDER, except to persons who satisfy us as to

their responsibility.

Address all orders to

ANDORRA NURSERIES

WM. WARNER HARPER, Prop.

Local and Long Distance Telephone

CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Telegraphic Address CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA

Cable Address "ANDORRA." PHILADELPHIA



Nursery Entrance and Office.

EVERGREEN TREES

Each	10
ABIES balsamea. Balsam Fir. 3 to 4 ft\$3 00	\$27 50
4 to 5 ft	32 50
5 to 6 ft 4 00	37 50
Canadensis. See Tsuga Canadensis.	
concolor. White Fir. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 6 00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 9 ft	
nobilis, var. glauca. Noble Silver Fir. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5 00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft\$7.50 to 10 00	
Nordmanniana. Nordmann's Fir. 3 ft 3 50	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	42 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 6 00	57 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	70 00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Specimens	85 00
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	
6 to 12 ft. Fine specimens. Prices on application.	
pectinata. European Silver Fir. 4 to 5 ft 2 50	20 00
5 to 6 ft 3 50	32 50
6 to 8 ft	
BIOTA orientalis. Oriental Arborvitæ. 5 to 6 ft 3 00	27 50
6 to 7 ft	37 50
6 to 7 ft. Very heavy 6 00	55 00
7 to 9 ft 6 00	55 00
7 to 10 ft. Very heavy	

Each	10
BIOTA orientalis, var. aurea. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
orientalis, var. aurea nana. 15 to 18 in 2 00	\$17 50
orientalis var auroa nyramidalis	4
3 to 4 ft 3 50	32 50
4 to 5 ft	42 50
5 to 7 ft	
orientalis, var. compacta. Compact Chinese Arbor-	
vitæ. 3 to 3½ ft 3 50	30 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	35 00
4 to 5 ft 5 00	45 00
5 to 6 ft	70 00
orientalis, var. conspicua. 5 to 6 ft	
6 to 7 ft	70 00
7 to 8 ft	90 00
orientalis, var. elegantissima. Rollinson's Golden Arborvitæ. 3 to 3½ ft	
borvitæ. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
4 to 6 ft\$5 to 7 50	
orientalis, var. filiformis; syn., Japonica. Thread- branched Arborvitæ. 2½ to 3 ft 2 50	
branched Arborvitæ. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 2 50 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	99 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50
4 10 9 11	
orientalis, var. semperaurescens. Ever-golden Arborvitæ. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
vitæ. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	45 00
CEDRUS Atlantica, var. glauca. Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar—	49 00
5 to 6 ft	42 50
6 to 7 ft 6 00	55 00
7 to 8 ft	70 00
8 to 10 ft	
Deodara. Deodar, or Indian Cedar. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 3 50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	45 00
CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei. Fortune's Yew. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	
5 to 6 ft. Very broad and heavy 5 00	
6 to 7 ft	
CRYPTOMERIA Japonica elegans. 6 to 7 ft	
Japonica, var. Lobbi compacta. 2½ to 3 ft	
7 to 8 ft	
ILEX opaca. American Holly. 2½ to 3 ft	32 50
ILEX opaca. American Holly. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 4 . 3 50 3 to 4 ft. \$3.50 to 5 00	
4 to 6 ft	5
JUNIPERUS Canadensis. Spreading Canadian Juniper— 12 to 15 in. spread	
12 to 15 in. spread per 100, \$60 1 00	9 00
* 15 to 18 in. spread 1 50	12 50
18 to 24 in. spread	
Canadensis, var. aurea; syn., Douglasi. Douglas' Golden Juniper. 12 to 15 in. spread 1 00	0 50
15 to 18 in spread 1 50	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \ 50 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$
15 to 18 in. spread	12 00
2 ft. spread. Heavy	
2 ft. spread. Heavy 2 50 2 x 2½ ft. spread. Heavy 3 50	
Canadensis, var. prostrata. Trailing Canadian	
Juniper 12 to 15 in 1.25	
15 to 18 in 2 00	

6	ANDORRA NURSERIES	
JUNIPERUS	Chinensis. Chinese Juniper. 3 ft\$2 00	10 \$17 50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	32 50
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45 00 55 00
	6 to 7 ft	70 00
	Chinensis var argentes marginata A grand	.0 00
	hardy variety. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. $\frac{3}{2}$ to 4 ft. $\frac{4}{2}$ 50	32 50
	$\frac{3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}}{1 \text{ ft.}}$	42 50
	$\frac{4}{5}$ to $\frac{41}{5}$ ft	
	5 to 6 ft	
	Chinensis, var. aurea. Golden Chinese Juniper—	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	3 to 3½ ft 3 50	
	Chinensis var Pfitzeriana 3 ft 3 50	
	Chinensis, var. femina Reevesii. 5 to 6 ft 5 00	47 50
	4 to 5 ft	
	Z 10 Z★ II	
	3 to 4 ft	40 00
	communis, var. Suecica. Swedish Juniper—	10 00
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	32 50 32 50
	4 to $\frac{4}{2}$ to 5 ft	37 50
	Innanian 41 to 5 ft	45 00
	5 to 6 ft 7 50	70 00
	Japonica. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 th. 7 50 Japonica, var. aurea. Golden Japan Juniper— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 1 50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 50	13 50
	$\frac{12}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{16}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ 50	$\frac{13}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
		32 50
	$\frac{3}{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{4}{90}$	37 50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	47 50
	5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
	Japonica, var. nana aurea. Dwarf, 10 to 12 in.,	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 50
	recurva var squamata Scaly-leaved—	
	10 to 12 in	12 50
	3 to 4 ff spread \$4 to 5 00	
	rigida. 7 to 12 ft	9 00
	18 to 24 in	18 50
	18 to 24 in. 2 00 2 to 2½ ft. 2 50	22 50
	3 to 34 tt	32 50
	Sabina, var. aurea variegata. Savin's Golden Juniper. 1½ to 2 ft	
	2 to 25 tr	
	Sahina var mas. Prostrate 1 to 14 ft 250	40 50
	Sabina, var. tamariscifolia. 1½ to 2 ft 1 50 2 to 2½ ft 2 50	13 50
	2½ to 3 ft	
	Virginiana. Red, or Virginia Cedar. 3 to 3½	
	ft + 1 50	13 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	5 to 6 ft	02 00
	3 .3 0 20	

Eac	h 10
JUNIPERUS Virginiana, var. glauca. Blue Virginia Cedar-	
2 to 21 ft	50 \$22 50
4 to 4½ it 3 5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $+ \frac{3}{3}$ 5 to 6 ft. $+ \frac{4}{3}$ 6 to 8 ft. $+ \frac{3}{3}$ 5 to 10 0	00
Virginiana, var. Kosteri. Spreading—	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 13 50 23 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 32 50
Virginiana, var. Leei elegantissima. Golden Vir-	
ginian Cedar— 3 to 3½ ft. Extra heavy	32 50
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Extra heavy	00 02 00
5 to 7 ft. Extra heavy	00
7 to 9 ft	50 32 50
Virginiana, var. pendula. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	0 32 30
Virginiana, var. Schotti. 3 to 3⅓ ft	0 20 00
4 to 5 ft	0 32 50
5 to 6 ft	00 45 00
PICEA alba. White Spruce. 21 to 3 ft	0 12 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	0 17 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 to 6 ft	
Alcockiana. Alcock's Spruce. 3½ to 4 ft.	
Engelmanni. Engelmann's Spruce—	
4 to 7 ft	
excelsa. Norway Spruce. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 0	
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
4½ to 5 ft	0 32 50
5 to 6 ft. Specimens 5 0 6 to 7 ft. Specimens 6 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
7 to 9 ft. Specimens	0 60 00
	0
excelsa, var. aurea. Golden Norway Spruce— 3 to 4 ft	0
excelsa, var. inverta. Weeping Norway Spruce-	
5 to 6 ft	0 '
7 to 9 ft	
excelsa, var. Remonti. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
orientalis. Eastern Spruce. 2 to 2½ ft	0 32 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 45 00
4½ to 5 ft. Specimens	0
pinsapo. Spanish Fir. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50	0 22 50
pinsapo. Spanish Fir. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 22 & 50 \\ 0 & 32 & 50 \end{array}$
polita. Tiger's Tail Spruce. 6 to 8 ft	0



Loading White Pines.

Each	10
PICEA pungens. Colorado Spruce. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$37 50
3½ to 4 ft	45 00
4 to 5 ft	20.00
6 to 10 ft	
pungens, var. glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce—	
2½ to 3 ft. Selected color	32 50
3 to 3½ ft. Selected color	02 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Selected color	
5 to 8 ft. Selected color+\$12.50 to 35 00	
Beet of the Selected color	
pungens, var. Kosteriana. Koster's Blue Colorado	22 50
Spruce. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	
2 to 2½ ft	32 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Specimens	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Specimens	
4 to 5 ft. Specimens	
6 to 7 ft. Grand specimens	
pungens, var. pendula. Weeping Blue Colorado Spruce-	
3 to 4 ft. Fine specimens	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Fine specimens	
PINUS Austriaca. Austrian Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50	22 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 8 ft\$6 to 12 50	
Cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50	22 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	32 50
$\frac{3}{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	37 50
3½ to 4 ft 5 00	47 50
4 to 4½ ft 7 50	
5 to 8 ft	

Each Each	\$32 50 37 50 47 50
Monticola. Mt. White Pine. 5 ft	
Mughus. Dwarf Mountain Pine. 12 to 15 in ↑ 1 50	12 50
15 to 18 in	17 50
ponderosa. Bull Pine. 4 to 5 ft 3 50	32 50
rigida. Pitch Pine. 6 to 7 ft 5 00 7 to 8 ft	
Strohus White Pine 15 to 18 in per 100 \$25	
Strobus. White Pine. 15 to 18 in per 100, \$25 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 00 6 00 8 50 12 50 17 50 20 00 27 50
5 to 6 ft	32 50
6 to 7 ft	
7 to 9 ft	
The finest and best rooted stock in this country.	20 50
sylvestris. Scotch Pine. 4 to 5 ft. + 3 50 5 to 6 ft. + 4 00 6 to 7 ft. + .85 to 7 50 8 to 12 ft. \$7.50 to 15 00	32 50 37 50
Tanyosho. Dwarf Japanese Variety-	
2½ ft	
PODOCARPUS Japonica. Japanese Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	22 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft $+$. 3 50	32 50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15 00 22 50
1½ to 2 ft	8 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 3 00 filifera. Thread-branched Japan Cypress—	17 50 25 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	8 50
2½ to 3 ft. 3 50 3 to 3½ ft. 5 00 3½ to 4 ft. Specimens 7 50 4 to 6 ft. Specimens + \$7.50 to 10 00 6 to 8 ft. Specimens . + \$10 to 25 00 filifera, var. aurea. Golden Thread-branched	32 50
Japan Cypress. 2 x 2 ft 3 50	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
filifera, var. aurea variegata. Golden variega-	
tions. 4 to 5 ft	

10	ANDORRA NURSERIES	
RETINOSPORA	leptoclada. Thuya-like Japan Cypress—	10
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$27 50 32 50 40 00 50 00
	4 to 5 ft	4
	2½ to 3 ft	22 -50 32 50 47 50
	obtusa, var. compacta. Compact Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress. 3 to 3½ ft 3 50 4 to 6 ft.	
		22 50 32 50 47 50
	obtusa, var. magnifica. 3 to 3½ ft ★\$5 to 7 50 obtusa, var. nana. Dwarf Obtuse-leaved Japan	10.00
	Cypress. 1 ft	10 00 17 50 22 50 27 50
	tuse-leaved Japan Cypress— $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 50 32 50 47 50 55 00 70 00
	pisifera, var. aurea. Golden Pea-fruited Japan Cypress. 2 to 2½ ft. 2 00 2½ to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 3½ ft. 3 50 3½ to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 4½ ft. 5 00 ■ 5 to 6 ft. Specimens ★ \$7.50 to 12 50 6 to 14 ft. Specimens ★ \$12.50 to 35 00	18 00 27 50 30 00 37 50 47 50
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13 50 22 50 32 50 37 50

TRICE Elect Year Title of Tele	
RETINOSPORA plumosa, var. argentea. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \$12 50 \\ 22 50 \\ 32 50 \\ 45 00 \end{array}$
plumosa, var. aurea. Golden Plume-like Japan Cypress. 12 in	4 00
12 to 18 in	6 00
12 to 18 in	18 50
21 to 3 ft 3 00	$\frac{1}{28}$ $\frac{50}{50}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50
31 to 4 ft. Specimens	37 50
4 to 4 ft. Specimens	45 00
4 to 42 ft. Specimens	
plumosa, var. flavescens. 1 to 1½ ft 1 00 3 to 4 ft	8 50
plumosa, var. sulphurea. 1½ to 2 ft 1 75	15 00
2 to 2½ ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Very heavy	
plumosa, var. sulphurea. 1½ to 2 ft. 1 75 2 to 2½ ft. 3 50 3½ to 4 ft. Very heavy. 6 00 4 to 5 ft. Very heavy. 7 50	
	99 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ it. Sheared; heavy	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\frac{27}{2}$ to 3 It. Sheared, heavy	45 00
4 to 4 ft. Heavy specimens10 00	90 00
2 to 2½ ft. Sheared; heavy	
5 to 10 ft. Heavy specimens\$15 to 35 00 This is excellent stock; exceptionally	
This is excellent stock; exceptionally	
broad, bushy and low-branched. SCIADOPITYS verticillata. Umbrella Pine. 2 to 24 ft 3 50	
SCIADOPITYS verticillata. Umbrella Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	
2½ to 3 ft	
$4\frac{7}{2}$ to 5 ft	
0 10 4 IE	40 =0
TAXUS baccata. English Yew. 2 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{17}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
3 to 3 ft	32 50
3 to 3½ ft. \$\displays 3 50 3½ to 4 ft. Specimens \$\displays 5 00	47 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
baccata, var. aurea. Golden English Yew— $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
baccata, var. Cheshuntensis. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
baccata, var. Dovastoni. Dovaston's Yew—	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \qquad $	25 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 50 4 to 5 ft. 3 50 to 10 00	32 50
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft. Specimens	
Yew. 4 to 5 ft. Specimens \$5 to 12 50	
Yew. 4 to 5 ft. Specimens	
daccata, var. elegantissima. Elegant English Yew-	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4 00$	
3½ to 4 ft	
± 10 0 10	

	Each	10
TAXUS baccata, var. erecta. Erect English Yew— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. .* $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. .* 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. .* .* .* .* .*	2 50 3 50 7 50	\$32 50
baccata, var. erecta aurea. Erect Golden English Yew. 2½ to 3 ft.	3 50	32 50
baccata, var. erecta, Overeynder. (Form similar to Fastigiata.) 5 to 6 ft	2 50	
baccata, var. fastigiata. Irish Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2 50 3 50 7 50	22 50
baccata, var. fastigiata aurea. Golden Irish Yew— 2 ft. 2½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft. 4 to 6 ft. 4 to 6 ft. 57.50 to 1 4 to 5 ft. 67.50 to 1 87.50 to 1	3 50 0 00 5 00 5 00	22 50 32 50
4½ to 5 ft. { NEW } \$7.50 to 1 5 to 7 ft. { NEW } \$10 to 2 baccata, var. repandens. Spreading English Yew—12 to 15 in	0 00	
12 to 15 in.	2 00	
baccata, var. Washingtoni aurea. Washington's Golden English Yew. 2½ ft	7 50	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{3}$ ft. $\frac{1}{3}$ to 5 ft. $\frac{1}{3}$ to 5 ft. $\frac{1}{3}$ to 15 in. $\frac{1}{3}$ cuspidata. Abrupt-leaved Japan Yew. 12 to 15 in. $\frac{1}{3}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50
$egin{array}{c} 1_{rac{1}{2}} ext{ ft.} & & & & & \\ 2_{ m ft.} & & & & & \\ 2_{rac{1}{2}} ext{ ft.} & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$	3 50	
cuspidata, var. brevifolia. 12 to 15 in. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 ft. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. cuspidata, var. capitata. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	2 00 2 50 3 50 5 00 2 50 5 00	18 50
3 to 4 ft	0 00	
THUJOPSIS borealis; syn., Cupressus Nutkænsis. Yellow or Sitka Cypress— 3 to 4 ft. 5 to 7 ft. Specimens\$10 to 1 borealis, var. latifolia glauca. Glaucous Sitka Cy-	3 50 5 00	
press. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. $+$ 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens $+$ 5 to 6 ft. Specimens $+$	7 50	32 50
horealis, var. pendula. Drooping Sitka Cypress— 4 to 5 ft	6 00	
8 to 9 ft. Specimens	5 00	

	Each	10
THUYA occidentalis. American Arborvitæ-	Bach	10
2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft. 4 to 4½ ft.; very heavy	.+ 1 25 .+ 1 50 175 2 00 200 2 50 250 3 00 3 50 4 00 .+ 4 50 35 to 7 50	\$8 00 10 00 13 50 19 00 22 50 27 50 32 50 37 50 42 50
occidentalis, var. aurea. George Peabody's Arbo 2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. ▼ 7 to 10 ft. Specimens	.+ 1 50 .+ 2 50 .+ 4 00 .+ 5 00 0 to 15 00 .+ 5 00	37 50 45 00
occidentalis, var. globosa, Globe Arborvitæ—		
15 to 18 in. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2 to 2½ ft.	. + 2 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
occidentalis, var. Hoveyi. Hovey's Golden Arbor 2 ft. 2½ to 3 ft. Very heavy 3 to 4 ft. Very heavy	.+ 1 50 .+ 2 50 \$3 to 4 00	13 50 22 50
occidentalis, var. Lobbi. Lobb's Arborvitæ. 4 to	5 ft. 3 50	32 50
5 to 7 ft	\$5 to 7 50 .+ 2 50	22 50
5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft. occidentalis, var. plicata pyramidalis. 4 to 5 ft.	. + 3 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 27 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
occidentalis, var. pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arbor	vitæ—	1
3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 8 ft. occidentalis, var. recurva nana. 2½ to 3 ft. ★. \$3. 3 to 4½ ft. occidentalis, var. Vervæneana. Vervæne's Arbor	1 50 2 00 2 50 .+ 3 50 \$4 to 7 50	17 50 22 50 32 50
occidentalis, var. Vervæneana. Vervæne's Arbor	vitæ—	
3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft. 4½ to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft. Heavy specimens 7 to 10 ft. Heavy specimens	3 50 4 00 .+ 4 50 .+ 5 00 .+ 7 50 0 to 20 00	32 50 37 50 42 50 47 50 70 00
2 to 2½ ft	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 50 32 50 37 50 47 50 70 00

Each	10
THUYA occidentalis, var. Wareana aurea. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$2 50	\$22 50
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft $\frac{3}{2}$ 00	28 00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	42 50
5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 47 & 50 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$
0 : 01 0: 0	$\frac{4}{7} \frac{60}{50}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 00
27- 21 4 100 610- 1 50	13 50
$\frac{3}{3\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\text{to } 3\frac{1}{2}}{\text{to } 4} \frac{\text{ft.}}{\text{ft.}} \mid \text{GRAND} \mid \frac{7}{2} \frac{\text{per 100, $125}}{200} \frac{1}{200}$	17 50
4 to 4½ ft. 3 STOCK	20 00
#2 to 5 tt.	22 50
$5 \text{ to } 5\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	27 50
$\begin{array}{c} 5 \frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 6 \text{ ft.} \\ 1 5 1 \mathbf$	32 50
6 to 10 ft. Heavy specimens	
The finest and largest stock offered. Canadensis, var. gracilis. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	
Canadensis, var. Sargenti pendula. Weeping Hemlock—	
2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	
Caroliniana. Southern Hemlock. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft \bigstar . 3 00	27 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	32 50
4 to 5 ft. Specimens	
5 to 6 ft. Specimens	
6 to 7 ft. Specimens	
Hookeriana. Alpine Hemlock. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 4 00	
5 to 6 ft	
Sieboldi. Japanese Hemlock. 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5 00 6 to 7 ft	
O to 1 It	



Showing Fibrous Roots of Hemlock.



A Block of Box Bush and Evergreens.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

E VERGILEEN SINCES		
	Each	10
ANDROMEDA Catesbæi. See Leucothoë.		
floribunda. 12 in	.\$1.50	\$13 50
12 to 15 in		16 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens $+$ $$10$ to		10 00
Japonica. 12 in.		10 00
12 to 15 in		$\frac{10}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
15 to 18 in		18 50
18 to 24 in	. 2 50	20 00
AZALEA amœna. 12 to 15 in.	. 1 00	8 50
15 to 18 in. Bushy	. 1 50	12 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy	. 2 00	17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens		32 50
amæna, var. Hinondigiro. Bright carmine-		
10 to 12 in	1 00	7 50
18 in	$\hat{1}$ $\hat{50}$	
Indica alba. Pure white. 18 to 20 in	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	22 50
20 to 22 in	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$
22 to 24 in	5 00	
PHYIIC Innerior own Fortune Topones De 1 4 1 1	. 5 00	47 50
BUXUS Japonica; syn., Fortunei. Japanese Box. 1 to 1½ ft.	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{20}$	12 50
$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	17 50
3 to 4 ft. Specimens\$3.50 to	7 50	
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden Japanese Box-		
12 to 15 in	. 1 00	9 00
${15\atop 12\atop 12\atop ft}$ to ${18\atop in.}$ ${SPECIAL}$	1 50	12 50
1½ ft SPECIAL COLOR	1 75	15 00
2 ft. (SI LCIAL)	2 50	$\frac{1}{22} \frac{1}{50}$
2½ ft	$\tilde{3}$ $\tilde{50}$	32 50
Japonica, var. rotundifolia. Round-leaved—	. 0 00	32 30
2½ to 3 ft. Bush shape	E 00	
4 to 5 ft. Bush shape $$ \$7.50 to	10 00	
	10 00	
5 to 6 ft. Pyramids	19 00	

BUXUS Japonica, var. rotundifolia glauca. 1½ to 2 ft
sempervirens. 1 ft. Andorra-grownper 100, \$40 75 6 00 1½ ft.; light. Andorra-grownper 100, \$50 1 00 7 50 2 ft.; Andorra-grown 1 50 2½ ft.; Andorra-grown 2 50 3 ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 7 50 67 50 $\frac{4}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 10 00 90 00 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. $+$ \$12.50 to 25 00 sempervirens. Pyramids— $\frac{2}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 3 00 3 ft.: Andorra-grown. Specimens $+$ 4 50 40 00
4 ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 7 50 67 50 $\frac{4}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 10 00 90 00 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. $+$ \$12.50 to 25 00 sempervirens. Pyramids— $\frac{2}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 3 00 3 ft.: Andorra-grown. Specimens $+$ 4 50 40 00
4 ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 7 50 67 50 $\frac{4}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 10 00 90 00 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. $+$ \$12.50 to 25 00 sempervirens. Pyramids— $\frac{2}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens. $+$ 3 00 3 ft.: Andorra-grown. Specimens $+$ 4 50 40 00
5 to 5½ ft.; Andorra-grown + \$12.50 to 25 00 sempervirens. Pyramids— 2½ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens + 3 00 3 ft.: Andorra-grown. Specimens + 4 50 40 00
5 to 5½ ft.; Andorra-grown + \$12.50 to 25 00 sempervirens. Pyramids— 2½ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens + 3 00 3 ft.: Andorra-grown. Specimens + 4 50 40 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens
3 ft.: Andorra-grown. Specimens
4 ft.: Andorra-grown, Specimens
4† It.: Andorra-grown. Specimens
5 to 6 ft.; Andorra-grown. Spec\$12.50 to 25 00 sempervirens. Standards—
2½ to 3 ft. stems. 22 to 24 in. head. Andorra-
grown
grown 7 50
sempervirens, var. angustifolia. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $+$. 1 50 13 50
sempervirens, var. arborescens. Tall Tree Box— $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft
sempervirens, var. argentea marginata. Silver-tipped Box. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
sempervirens, var. aurea variegata. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft $+$ 5 00 45 00
sempervirens, var. Handsworthi. $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots + \dots $
sempervirens, var. latifolia. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 3 50 32 50
5 to 5\(\frac{1}{2}\) II
3½ to 4 ft
3 to 3½ ft
4 to 5 ft\$5 to 10 00
sempervirens, var. salicifolia. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00 17 5
3 to 4 in
sempervirens, var. suffruticosa. Dwarf Box Edging— 3 to 4 in+per 100, \$5; per 1,000, \$40 7 4 to 5 in+per 100, \$10; per 1,000, \$60 25 1 5 6 to 7 in+per 100, \$15; per 1,000, \$90 35 2 0
CERASUS Laurocerasus Caucasica. Caucasian Laurel—
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
22 00 0 20 1111111111111111111111111111
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
CHAMÆDAPHNE calyculata. Leather Leaf— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ftper $100, \$75 1 50$ 12 5
COTONEASTER buxifolia. 12 to 15 in
microphylla. 10 to 12 in 75 6 0

17

17 50 22 50 8 50 10 00 15 00 22 50 8 50 $\frac{22}{27} \frac{50}{50}$ 12 5017 50 $\frac{22}{28}$ $\frac{50}{50}$ 32 50

8 50 12 50 15 00 MAHONIA Aquifolium. Holly-leaved-4 00 7 00 9 00 13 50

 Japonica.
 Japanese Mahonia—

 1½ to 2 ft.
 4 1 50

 2 to 2½ ft.
 2 50

 2½ to 3 ft.
 3 50

 18 50 32 50

 OSMANTHUS ilicifolia.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.

 ...
 $\frac{1}{2}$ 50

 18 50 22 50



Rhododendrons at Andorra.

RHODODENDRONS

HYBRID VARIETIES - ANDORRA GROWN

RHODODENDRONS.	Catawbiense Hybrids Assorted. Our selection of varieties— Each 15 to 18 in	\$10 00 \$10 00 13 50 22 50
	tion.	
	Abraham Lincoln. Rosy crimson— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	15.00
	Album elegans. White—	. 19 00
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 50 17 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1. 00
	Album grandiflorum. White. 1½ to 2 ft. 1 50	12 50
	Anna Parsons. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 50	12 50
	Atrosanguineum. Dark scarlet—	12 30
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50
	Betsy Parsons. Reddish purple—	1. 00
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$6 to 7 50	
	Blandyanum. Rosy crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 00	17 50
	$\frac{2}{21}$ to $\frac{21}{2}$ ft	
	$\frac{21}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	
	3 to 4 ft. Specimens \$5 to 15 00	
	Boule de Neige. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50

	FRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 1910	19
	Each	10
RHODODENDRONS,	B. W. Elliott. Deep rose. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft \$2 50 Candidissium . White, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 75 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00	\$15 00 17 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{17}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
	Charles Bagley. Bright red. 1½ to 2 ft 2 00 2 to 2¼ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \\ 17 \ 50 \end{array}$
	Charles Dickens. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 00 2 ft. 2 50	22 50
	Delicatissimum. White. 1½ to 2 ft 1 50 2 to 2½ ft 2 50 2½ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
	2 to 2½ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	General Grant. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00 2 to 21 ft.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
	2 to 2½ tt	22 50 17 50
	J. Marshall Brooks. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50
	John Spencer. Rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 1 75 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 00	15 00 17 50
•	John Walter. Rich crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \\ 32 \ 50 \end{array}$
	2½ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	2½ ft. 250 Kettledrum, Deep red. 1½ to 2 ft. 250 Lady Armstrong. Pale rose. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to 2½ ft. 250	$\frac{17}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
	2 to 2½ ft	17 50
	Luciferum. Clear white. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 75	15 00
	Luciferum. Clear white. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 1 75 3 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$5 to 10 00 Madam Carvalho. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 1 75 Michael Waterer. Scarlet-crimson— \$250 to 750 750	15 00
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50
	Mrs. Jno. Clutton. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 75	15 00
		$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
	2½ ft	13 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
	2½ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	32 30
	$\frac{1_{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ to } 2 \text{ ft.}}{2 \text{ to } 2_{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ ft}}$ 2 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	4 to 5 ft	
	1½ to 2 ft 2 00 4 to 4½ ft	17 50
	Purpureum crispum. Purple, crimped.— 1½ to 2 ft	15 00

RHODODENDRONS, purpureum elegans. Purple. 1½ to 2 ft\$1 75 purpureum grandiflorum. Purple—	\$15 00
1½ to 2 ft	13 50 17 50 22 50 30 00 47 50 15 00
NATIVE VARIETIES—ANDORRA GROWN	
RHODODENDRON Catawbiense. 1½ to 2 ft (per 100—\$80.)\$1 25 2 to 2½ ft 2 00 2½ to 3 ft \$2.50 to 3 50 3 to 3½ ft. Specimens \$3.50 to 5 00 3½ to 4 ft. Specimens \$7.50 to 20 00 maximum. Great Laurel. 1½ to 2 ft 1 25	\$10 00 17 50
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 00 17 50 25 00 37 50 47 50 60 00
DWARF VARIETIES—ANDORRA GROWN	
RHODODENDRON Hammondi	\$17 50 13 50 13 50 20 00 20 00 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 13 50 20 00 13 50 20 00 3 00

DECIDUOUS TREES

Measurements are given as follows: Height is taken before digging, from the surface of the ground to the top branches where they round off to form the top; diameter of stem, or caliper, is taken above the collar.

E	ach 10	
ACER campestris. European Cork Maple. 4 to 5 ft\$0		
5 to 6 ft		
7 to 8 ft	50 12	50
8 to 10 ft	75 15	00
colchicum, var. rubrum, Red Colchicum Maple-		
12 to 14 ft.; 2\frac{3}{4} to 3 in. cal	00 27	50
14 to 16 ft.: 3 to 4 in. cal	50 10	00



Straight Norway Maples in Wide Rows	s.	
Each	10	100
ACER dasycarpum. Silver Maple—		
12 to 14 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	0 \$15 00	
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in		
12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 5		
4 to 6 in. Specimens\$5 to 25 0 A rapid grower for immediate effects.	U	
dasycarpum, var. Wierii laciniatum. Wier's		
Cut-leaved Silver Maple—		
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 2 5	0 22 50	
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 5	0 32 50	
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in\$3.50 to 5 0	0	
Negundo. Ash-leaved Maple—		
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. Bushy 1 5	0 10 00	
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. Bushy 2 5		
12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 4 in\$3.50 to 5 0		
Pennsylvanicum. 6 to 7 ft	U	
8 to 10 ft.; 1½ in	5 16 50	150 00
10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in		175 00
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in		200 00
	0 27 50	225 00
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	0 30 00	250 00
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in		300 00
14 to 16 ft.; $3\frac{1}{4}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in		400 00
14 to 16 ft.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{3}{4}$ in		475 00
14 to 16 ft.; 3\frac{3}{4} to 4 in	0 60 00	550 00
14 to 16 ft.; 4 to 4½ in\$7.50 to 10 0		
14 to 16 ft.; $4\frac{1}{4}$ to 8 in \$12.50 to 25 0 Specimen Norways. 14 to 20 feet in	U	
height and of heavy caliper; clean, well		
headed. Prices on application.		
Zoutett wa Lincop ou application,		

Each	10	100
ACER platanoides, var. purpurea. Schwedler's Purple Maple. 8 to 10 ft.; 1\(\frac{3}{4}\) to 2 in\$2 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 2\(\frac{3}{4}\) in	\$22 50 32 50 37 50	
platanoides, var. Reitenbachi. Reitenbach's Purple Maple. 8 to 10 ft 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 3 00 pseudo-platanus. European Sycamore Maple—	17 50	
6 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
more Maple. 8 to 10 ft.; 2 in 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; 2½ in 2 50 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 6 in \$7.50 to 25 00 Broad-headed specimen trees.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
rubrum. Red or Scarlet Maple. 6 to 7 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft.; 1\frac{3}{4} to 2 in 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2\frac{1}{4} in 2 00 12 to 14 ft.; 2\frac{1}{2} to 3\frac{1}{2} in \\$2.50 to 5 00	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$	
saccharinum. Sugar Maple. 8 to 10 ft. 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; 1½ to 1½ in. 1 75 10 to 12 ft.; 1½ to 1¾ in. 2 00 12 to 14 ft.; 1½ to 1½ in. 2 50 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in. 3 50 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 3 in. 5 00 14 to 16 ft.; 3 to 3¼ in. \$5 to 10 00 14 to 16 ft.; 3½ to 4 in. \$12.50 to 35 00 Specimen low-branched trees of heavy caliper and good tops. Prices on appli-	10 00 15 00 17 50 22 50 32 00 45 00	125 00 150 00 200 00 275 00
cation. spicatum. Mountain Maple. 2 to 3 ft 50 3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	40 00 50 00 60 00
2 ft	3 50 6 50 10 00 9 00	+ 35 00 60 00 50 00
JAPANESE MAPLES		
ACER polymorphum. 3 to 4 ft. Heavy 2 50 polymorphum, var. atropurpureum. Blood-	22 50	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13 50 22 50 30 00	

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ACER polymorphum, var. atropurpureum dissectum.	10	100
Weeping Cut-leaf Blood-leaved— 1½ ft	\$22 50	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
lng Japan Maple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 50	
polymorphum, var. scopendifolium rubrum. 2½ to 3 ft\$3.50 to 7 50		
### To S ft	17 50 22 50 32 50	
Double White-Flowered Horse- Chestnut. 8 to 9 ft.; 2 in 2 50 9 to 10 ft.; 2½ in 3 50 10 to 11 ft.; 3 in	22 50 32 50	
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Hippocastanum, var. Bujotii} \\ 10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.} ; \ 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ in. } + \$3.50 \text{ to } 5 00 \\ 10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.} ; \ 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ in. } + \$5 \text{ to } 7 50 \\ \textbf{Hippocastanum, var. rubicunda.} \end{array}$		
flowered Horse-Chestnut— 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to 2½ in	22 50 32 50 37 50	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	\$100 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 00 12 50 10 00	35 00 75 00 75 00
ANDROMEDA. See Oxydendron. ARALIA. Chinese Angelica Tree—		
elata, var. foliis argentea marginata. 6 to 8 ft. 1 00 8 to 10 ft. 1 50 Japonica. 2 to 3 ft. 50 6 to 8 ft. 1 00 8 to 10 ft. 1 50 pentaphylla; syn., Acanthopanax spinosa. See Shruhs	13 50 4 00 8 00	
spinosa. 5 to 6 ft. 75 9 to 10 ft. 1 50		

ANDORRA NURSERIES

PETIL A alba European White Wassing Birch	10	100
BETULA alba. European White Weeping Birch— 6 to 8 ft	\$10 00	
leaved White Birch. 6 to 7 ft. 1 50 lenta. Sweet Birch. 5 to 6 ft 1 50 8 to 10 ft 1 50 lutea. Yellow Birch. 6 to 7 ft 1 50 7 to 8 ft 1 50 8 ** 8 to 10 ft.; Specimens 1 50 papyrifera. Paper, or Canoe Birch—	7 50 12 50 8 50 12 50 13 50	
$7 ext{ to } 8 ext{ ft.}$	8 50 13 50 22 50	\$60 00 150 00
BROUSSONETIA papyrifera. Paper Mulberry— 6 to 8 ft 1 50	12 50	
CARPINUS Americana: svn., Caroliniana, American		
Hornbeam. 3 to 4 ft. 75 4 to 5 ft. Bushy 100 5 to 6 ft. Bushy 150 6 to 7 ft. Bushy 200 7 to 9 ft. Bushy 250 9 to 10 ft. Bushy 350 Betulus, European Hornbeam. 2 to	5 00 7 50 10 00 13 50 20 00 27 50	30 00 50 00 75 00 85 00 150 00
3 ft	3 00 4 00 6 00 13 50 18 50 30 00	40 00 75 00 100 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	
CASTANEA American. American Chestnut— 7 to 8 ft. 1 00 8 to 9 ft. 1 25 9 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in. 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. 1 75 12 to 14 ft.; 3 in. 2 00 Japonica. Japan Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft. 1 00 vesca. Spanish Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft. 1 00	7 50 9 00 10 00 12 50 17 50 7 50 7 50	
CATALPA bignonioides. 12 to 14 ft	22 50	
Catalpa— 4 to 5 ft 1 00 Bungei. Bunge's Catalpa. Standards. 7ft 3 50	7 50	
Kæmpferi. Japanese Catalpa. 6 to 8 ft 1 50 speciosa. Western Catalpa. 6 to 8 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in. 1 50	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 7 & 50 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array} $	
CEDRELA Sinensis. Chinese Cedrela— 8 to 10 ft		

Each	10	100
CELTIS occidentalis. Nettle Tree. 6 to 7 ft\$1 25	\$10 00	\$75 00
7 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$	90 00
CERASUS Padus. European Bird Cherry. 4 to 5 ft. serotina. Wild Black Cherry. 10 to	6 00	
12 ft	12 50	
12 ft	13 50	
Avium, var. rosea plena. Double Pink- flowering Cherry. 4 to 6 ft 1 50		
Avium, var. rosea pendula. Pink Weeping		
Japan Cherry. 7 ft., specimens 5 00 Sieboldi, var. rubra plena 4 to 5 ft 1 50	12 50	
CERCIS Canadensis. Red Bud, American Judas-		
3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	
5 to 6 ft	7 50	
6 to 8 ft 1 50	10 00	60 00
8 to 10 ft	12 50	85 00
CERCIDIPHYLLUM Japonicum. 5 to 6 ft 1 50	12 50	100 00
7 to 8 ft 2 00°	17 50	
8 to 9 ft 2 50	22 50	
CLADRASTIS tinctoria (Virgilia lutea). Yellow Wood. 6 to 8 ft 1 50	13 50	100 00
8 to 10 ft 2 00	$\frac{13}{17} \frac{50}{50}$	150 00
CORNUS. See, also, Shrubs.		
tlorida. White Dogwood. 2 to 2½ ft 50	4 00	
3½ to 4 ft.; very fine	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	60 00
5 to 6 ft.; very fine 1 50	$12 \stackrel{\circ}{50}$	75 00
6 to 7 ft · very fine 1.75	15 00	85 00
7 to 8 ft.; very fine	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$	100 00
Very low-branched, heavy stock.	21 00	
florida, var. flore rubro. Red-flowered		
Dogwood— 4 to 5 ft. Bushy		
5 to 6 ft. Bushy		
5 to 6 ft. Bushy		
One of the most beautiful of		
ornamental trees, combining spring flowers, summer berries and bril-		
liant autumn foliage.		
florida, var. pendula. Weeping Dog- wood—		
7 to 10 ft. Rare		
CRATÆGUS Carrieri. 3 to 4 ft		
4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \ 50 \\ 10 \ 00 \end{array}$	
6 to 7 ft	$\frac{10}{12} \frac{50}{50}$	
coccinea. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	$\frac{6}{10} \frac{00}{10}$	
6 to 7 ft	12 50	
4 to 5 ft 1 00	8 50	
6 to 8 ft. Specimens 5 00		
8 to 10 ft. Specimens 7 50		

CRATÆGUS Crus-galli.	Cockspur Thorn-	Each	10	100
3½ to 6 to 8 to mollis. Se Oxyacantha	4 ft. 8 ft. 10 ft. arlet Haw. 7 to 8 ft. English Hawthorn—	. † 1 25 . † 1 50 1 50	\$7 50 10 00 13 50 12 50	\$50 00
0 to 6 6 to 8 0xyacantha D	tt. ft. , var. alba flore pouble White Hawthorn-	1 00 oleno.	5 00 6 00	
3 to 4 4 to 5 0 xyacantha	ft. ft. , var. coccinea flore paul's Double Scarlet—	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 50 10 00	
4 to 10 to 0 xyacantha	6 ft	1 00 .+ 5 00 pleno.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 00 \\ 45 & 00 \end{array}$	
4 to 5	ft	1 50	10 00	
punctata. CYTISUS Laburnum. 4 to 5 ft	5 to 6 ft	00 - 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	
4 to 5 ft		75	6 00	
DIOSPYROS Virginica.	Persimmon-	1 50	13 50	
10 to FAGUS ferruginea. An 6 to 8 ft. sylvatica. Eur 4 to 5 ft.	19 ft	1.50	13 50	
6 to 8 ft		50 to 5 00	6 00	
4 to 5 ft.		1 00	7 50	
5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft. 7 to 8 ft.	\$3. Specimens\$ asplenifolia. Fern-l	1 75 3 50 50 to 5 00	15 00 32 50	
8 to 10 ft. sylvatica, var. Beech-	Specimens\$ asplenifolia. Fern-l	5 to 15 00 ike		
3 to 4 it.		1 50		
sylvatica, var. p	endula. Weeping Beech	h		
4 to 5 I 6 to 7 f	pendula. Weeping Beech t. ft.; 2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. \$1 only transplanted.	5 00 Speci-		
mens	\$1	5 to 25 00		
	ntly transplanted. purpurea. Purple Beec			
4 to 5 f	t	1 50	12 50	
5 to 6 f	t t	$\frac{250}{50}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
7 to 8 f	t	5 00	47 50	
9 to 10 f	t	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	55 00 70 00	
12 to 14 f	t. Specimens\$1 t. Sheared specimens.\$	0 to 35 00	10 00	
8 to 16 f	t. Sheared specimens. Surpurea major. Large L	310 to 35 00		
5 to 6 ft.	nurpurea major. Darge L	2 50	22 50	
7 to 8 ft.		5 00	47 50	
sylvatica, var F	Riversi. Rivers' Blood-l. 6 to 7 ft.	leaved		
Beech	. 6 to 7 ft	3 50		
8 to 9 ft.		7 50		



An Avenue of Sweet Gums (Liquidambar), at Andorra.

Each	10	100
FRAXINUS Americana. White Ash. 8 to 10 ft \$1 25 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 50 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{3}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 50 14 to 16 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in 3 00 14 to 16 ft.; 3 to 4 in \$4 to 5 00 excelsior. European Ash—	\$10 00 12 50 22 50 27 50	\$100 00
6 to 8 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft 1 50 Ornus. Flowering Ash— 8 to 10 ft.; heavy \$2.50 to 3 50		
GLEDITSCHIA aquatica. Water Locust. 6 to 7 ft. 1 50 7 to 8 ft. 2 00 triacanthos. Honey Locust. 5 to 6 ft. 75 8 to 10 ft. 1 50	$\begin{array}{c} 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	
GLYPTOSTROBUS. See Taxodium. GYMNOCLADUS Canadensis. Kentucky Coffee Tree—		
7 to 8 ft 2 50 JUGLANS nigra. Black Walnut. 2 to 2½ ft → 50 7 to 8 ft 1 50 8 to 10 ft 1 50 regia. English Walnut. 8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in 2 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in 3 50 KŒLREUTERIA paniculata. Varnish Tree—	20 00 3 50 8 50 12 50	135 00 30 00 75 00 100 00
5 to 6 ft. 1 50 6 to 8 ft. 2 50 8 to 10 ft. 3 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	

20 MINDOWN NOROEKIES		
Each LARIX Europæa. European Larch. 5 to 6 ft \$1 00	10 \$7 50	100
6 to 8 ft. 1 25 8 to 10 ft. 1 50 leptolepsis. Japanese Larch. 6 to 8 ft. 1 25 10 to 12 ft. 2 00	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array} $	\$85 00
T to 8 ft.; 2½ in. Fine 1 50 7 to 8 ft.; 2½ in. Fine 2 50 8 to 9 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in. Fine 3 50 10 to 12 ft.; 3 to 3½ in 5 00 (An excellent lot, specially prepared	15 00 12 50 22 50 32 50 45 00	85 00
for avenue planting: 8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 150 & 00 \\ 175 & 00 \end{array}$
URIODENDRON Tulipifera. Tulip Tree. 8 to 9 ft. 1 50 9 to 10 ft	10 00 16 50	
MAGNOLIA. Native Sorts— acuminata. Cucumber Tree. 5 to 6 ft 1 00 glauca. Sweet or Swamp Magnolia— 2 to 2½ ft 1 50 grandiflora. Evergreen Magnolia— 2 to 2½ ft 2 50 macrophylla. Great-leaved Magnolia—	7 50	
5 to 6 ft	9 00 12 50	75 00 100 00
Alexandriana. 4 to 5 ft	no =0	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 50 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5 00 Kobus. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 1 50 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 50 Lennei Hybrid. Lenne's Magnolia— 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 3 50 4 to 6 ft. + \$3.50 to 7 50 Norbertians Hybrid. Norbert's Magnolia—	32 50 45 00	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
4 to 5 ft		
Magnolia. 2 ft	22 50 32 50	



An Avenue of "Andorra-grown" Oriental Planes. (See page 30).

MORUS alba. White Mulberry. 5 to 6 ft	10 \$6 00 9 00 13 50
4 to 5 ft. 2 00 5 to 6 ft. 2 50 6 to 7 ft. 3 00 7 to 8 ft. 3 50 PARROTIA Persica. Persian Iron Tree. 5 to 6 ft. 2 50 10 to 12 ft. 3 50 PAULOWNIA imperialis. 10 to 12 ft. 3 50	13 50 18 50 22 50 27 50
PERSICA vulgaris, var. alba plena. Double White-flowering Peach. 4 to 5 ft	7 50
$ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{vulgaris, } \ \text{var. sanguinea plena.} & \ Double \ Red-flowering \\ Peach. \ 4 \ \text{to 5 ft.} & \ 1 \ 00 \\ \textbf{PHELLODENDRON Amurense.} & \ Chinese \ Cork \ Tree$	7 50

Each	10	100
PLATANUS occidentalis. American Buttonwood— 8 to 10 ft	0 \$8 50 0 12 50	
Buttonwood. 6 to 8 ft 1 0 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 2 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in 1 5 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 1 7 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in 3 5 14 ft.; 3 to 4 in. Specimens. \$5 to 10 0 POPULUS alba, var. Bolleana. Bolle's Poplar—	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	85 00 115 00 150 00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{1}{0}$ $\frac{1}{20}$ $\frac{1}{00}$	
$\begin{array}{c} \text{monilifera; syn., Carolinensis. Carolina} \\ \text{Poplar. 8 to 10 ft.; } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to 2 in.} & 1 \text{ 0} \\ 10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.; } 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.} & \dots & 1 \text{ 5} \\ 12 \text{ to } 14 \text{ ft.; } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 2\frac{3}{4} \text{ in.} & \dots & 2 \text{ 5} \\ \text{nigra, var. fastigiata. Lombardy Poplar} \\ \end{array}$	$0 - 10 \cdot 00$	
8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in	0 13 50	125 00
PRUNUS. See. also, Cerasus. PRUNUS Pissardii. Purple Plum. 3 to 4 ft	5 5 00	
6 to 7 ft	0 - 4 50	30 00
PTEROSTYRAX hispidum (Halesia hispida). 8 to 10 ft	0 12 50	
10 to 12 ft		
atrosanguinea. 4 to 5 ft. 1 5 baccata. Siberian Flowering Crab Apple— 7 3½ to 4 ft. 7 coronaria. Sweet-scented Crab. 4 to 5 ft. 7 floribunda. Flowering Crab. 3½ to 4 ft. 1 0	$egin{smallmatrix} 5 & 6 & 00 \ 5 & 6 & 00 \end{bmatrix}$	
lensis, var Bechtel, Bechtel's Double-		
flowering Crab. 3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 7 & 50 \\ 0 & 12 & 50 \end{array}$	
3 to 4 ft	0 7 50	
Rose-flowering Crab. 3 to 4 ft 1 0 Toringo (Dwarf Crab). 4 to 5 ft 1 2 QUERCUS alba. White Oak. 5 to 6 ft 1 2	5 10 00	
6 to 7 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 5 & 16 & 00 \\ 0 & 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
QUERCUS bicolor. Swamp White Oak— 8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in. 2 5 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. 3 5 12 to 14 ft. Specimens \$5 to 10 0 Cerris. Turkey Oak— 6 to 8 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. \$3.50 to 5 0	0 22 50 0 32 50	200 00

Each	10	100
QUERCUS coccinea. Scarlet Oak. 6 to 7 ft. \$1 25 7 to 8 ft. 1 50 8 to 9 ft.; 1½ to 2 in. 2 00 9 to 10 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. 2 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2½ to 2½ in. \$2.75 to 5 00 12 to 14 ft. Specimens . \$7.50 to 10 00 imbricaria. Laurel Oak. 7 to 8 ft. 2 50 8 to 10 ft. 3 50	\$10 00 13 50 17 50 22 50	\$125 00 160 00 200 00
8 to 9 ft.; 1½ to 1½ in 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in 2 50 12 to 14 ft. Specimens \$5 to 10 00	22 50	
palustris. Pin Oak— 6 to 7 ft. Low-branched 1 00 7 to 8 ft.; 1½ to 1¾ in. Low-branched 1 25 8 to 9 ft.; 1¾ to 2 in. Low-branched 1 50 9 to 10 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. Low-branched 2 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2¾ to 3 in. Low-branched 3 50 10 to 12 ft.; 3 to 3¼ in 4 00 Extra heavy specimens. 3½ to 4½ in. cal., well-rooted and good tops,	8 50 10 00 13 50 22 50 30 00 37 50	185 00 275 00 350 00
\$7.50 to 15.00		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50 10 00 13 50 18 50 22 50	150 00 175 00
Robur. English Oak. 6 to 8 ft.; 2 in 1 00 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in 2 50 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50 $3\frac{1}{4}$ to $4\frac{1}{4}$ in. cal. Specimens \$5 to 10 00	8 50 12 50 20 00 32 50	
Robur, var. fastigiata. Pyramidal English Oak. 8 to 10 ft. 3 50 10 to 12 ft. 5 00 rubra. Red Oak. 7 to 8 ft. 1 50 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in. 3 00 12 to 14 ft. Specimens .\$3.50 to 10 00	32 50 40 00 13 50 17 50 27 50	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 00 15 00 18 50 22 50 27 50 4 00 6 00 8 50 12 50	125 00 150 00 200 00 35 00 50 00 75 00 85 00
glabra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Sumac— 2 to 2½ ft. 75 2½ to 3 ft. 1 00 Osbecki. 1½ to 2 ft. 50 6 to 7 ft. 1 00	5 00 4 00 8 50	40 00

RHUS typhina. Staghorn Sumac. 3 to 4 ft\$0 35	10 \$3 00	100
5 to 6 ft 50	4 00 6 00 8 50	\$30 00 50 00 60 00
6 to 8 ft	8 50 10 00 13 50	125 00
$\begin{array}{c} 9 \text{ to } 10 \text{ ft.}; \ 2\frac{1}{4} \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.} \qquad 200 \\ 10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.}; \ 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.} \qquad 250 \\ 12 \text{ to } 14 \text{ ft.}; \ 2\frac{3}{4} \text{ to } 3 \text{ in.} \qquad 500 \\ \textbf{SALIX alba.} & \text{White Willow.} \ 5 \text{ to } 6 \text{ ft.} \qquad 75 \end{array}$	17 50 $22 50$ $40 00$ $5 00$	150 00 200 00 350 00
10 to 12 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \end{array}$	
caprea. Pussy Willow. 5 to 6 ft	22 50 5 00	40 00
7 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	75 00 35 00 50 00
4 to 5 ft	22 50	
5 to 6 ft	7 50	50 00
12 to 14 ft\$3.50 to 5 00 pentandra. Laurel Leaf Willow. 6 to 7 ft. 1 00 7 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	
7 to 8 ft	22 50	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 50 12 50	
7 to 8 ft. Specimens		
7 to 8 ft		
aucuparia. European Mountain Ash— 7 to 8 ft		
5 to 6 ft	12 50	
TILIA Americana. American Linden, or Bass-	12 50	
7 to 8 ft.; 1½ to 2 in	22 50	
argentes: syn tomentosa Silver-leaved Linden-	Each	10
6 to 8 ft.; 2 in. 8 to 10 ft.; 2\frac{1}{2} to 2\frac{1}{2} in. 10 to 12 ft.; 2\frac{1}{2} to 2\frac{3}{4} in.	\$1 75 2 50 3 50	\$15 00 22 50 32 50

Each	10
Tilla platyphyllos. Large-leaved Linden— 7 to 8 ft.; 1½ to 2 in	\$12 50
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to 2½ in	15 00 22 50
ULMUS Americana. American Elm—	32 50
8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 1¾ in 1 50	12 50
8 to 10 ft.; 1\frac{1}{4} to 2 in	13 50 5 25 00 32 50
English Elm— 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in	32 50
10 to 12 ft	22 50 32 50
scabra; syn., Dampieri; fastigiate form— 10 to 12 ft.; 2½ to 3 in	32 50
14 to 16 ft.; 3½ to 3½ in	42 50
6 ft. 1 50 scabra, var. purpurea. Purple Wych Elm— 8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in. 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. 2 00 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 3½ in. 3 50	13 50 17 50 32 50
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$25 00
1½ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} {\bf 15} & 00 \\ {\bf 25} & 00 \end{array}$
ESCULUS parviflora; syn., Pavia macrostachya— 2 ft. $+$ 1 00 8 50 2½ ft. $+$ 1 50 13 50 2½ to 3 ft. $+$ 2 00 17 50	75 00 100 00
ALTHEA. See Hibiscus. AMELANCHIER Botryapium. 2½ to 3 ft. 35 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 50 4 00	30 00



D 41 - 1	V/:	- c	A1	0	£	-				
Partial	view	OT	Nursery	Grounds	Trom	LOD	OT	Main	Nursery.	

	Each	10	100
AMORPHA canescens. 2 ft	.\$0 35	\$2 50	\$15 00
fragrans. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft			25 00
fruticosa. 2 to 3 ft		2 00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft		3 00	20 00
6 to 7 ft	. 50	4 00	25 00
AMYGDALUS (Almond). See Prunus.			

NATIVE AZALEAS, ANDORRA GROWN

Clean hugher transplanted steels		- '
Clean, bushy, transplanted stock.	10	400
Each William And	10	100
AZALEA arborescens. Fragrant White Azalea—		
12 to 15 in. Bushy clumps\$1 00	\$9 00	
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	13 50	\$125 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy clumps 2 00	18 50	150 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps 2 50	$22 \ 50$	$200 \ 00$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy clumps 3 50	30 00	
calendulacea. Flame Azalea. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	13 50	125 00
18 to 24 in. Bushy clumps 1 75	15 00	135 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps 2 50	22 50	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4° ft\$3 50 to 5 00		
Canadensis (Rhodora). 1 ft. Bushy 1 00	8 50	75 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	18 50	150 00
nudiflora. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	
15 to 18 in. Clumps 1 50	13 50	115 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy clumps 1 75	15 00	125 00
2° to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps 2 50	22 50	
Vaseyi. Southern Azalea. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	
15 to 18 in 1 50	13 50	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy clumps 2 00	18 50	150 00
2^{2} to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps 2 50	22 50	200 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy clumps 3 50	30 00	
viscosa. White Azalea—	00	
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	13 50	115 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy clumps 2 00	18 50	150 00
2 to 21 ft. Bushy clumps 2 50	22 50	175 00

MOLLIS and GHENT AZALEAS	3		
Eac		10	100
AZALEA mollis. 1½ ft. Named sorts\$1		\$10 00 13 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} \$90 & 00 \\ 125 & 00 \end{array}$
2 ft. Bushy. Named sorts 1 $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy. Named sorts 2	00	$\frac{13}{17} \frac{50}{50}$	120 00
$1\frac{2}{3}$ ft. Unnamed	00	9 00	85 00
2 ft. Unnamed 1	25	10 00	90 00
Pontica (Ghent). $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Named sorts 1	25	10 00	90 00
2 ft. Bushy. Named sorts 1 2½ to 3 ft. Bushy 2	50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	120 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 it. Bushy\$2.50 to 3	50	22 30	
BACCHARIS halimifolia. Groundsel Shrub-	35	. 2 50	17 50
2 to 2½ ft			11 00
BENZOIN odoriferum. Spice Bush, 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $\frac{3}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4° ft	75	$\vec{6}$ $\vec{0}\vec{0}$	00 00
BERBERIS (Barberry) Asiatica. 3 to 3½ ft	75	6 00	
Dulcis, 12 in	50	4 00	35 00
ilicifolia. Holly-leaved. 12 to 2 ft	35	3 00	27 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	35 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	6 00	40 00
Japonica (not Mahonia). 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50 75	4 50 5 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Sinensis. Chinese Barberry. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35	0 00	10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.; very heavy	50		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	7 5		
Thunbergii. 12 to 15 in	25	1 75	12 50
15 to 18 in. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; broad and very heavy	35 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$	15 00 20 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.; broad and very heavy	60	4 50	25 00
2½ ft.; broad and very heavy	75	6 00	50 00
3 to 3½ ft.; broad and very heavy 1	00	9 00	75 00
vulgaris.Common Barberry— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	50	3 50	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3^2 ft	60	5 00	$\tilde{2}\tilde{5}$ $\tilde{0}\tilde{0}$
3^{2} to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	45 00
vulgaris, var. Amurensis. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	30 00
vulgaris, var. purpurea. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	$\frac{55}{2}$	3 00	17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50 60	3 50 4 00	25 00 35 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	6 00	50 00
4 to 5 ft 1	00	7 50	60 00
CALLICARPA purpurea. Beauty Fruit—	75	6 00	35 00
3 to 4 ft	19	0 00	99 00
3 to 3½ ft.	50	4 00	30 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	35 00
CARAGANA arborescens. Siberian Pea-	~~	•	
2½ to 3 ft	25 50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	17 50 30 00
3½ to 4 ft	90	¥ 00	30 00
1½ to 2 ft.	35	2 50	15 00
22 00 2 200 000000000000000000000000000			

Each	10	100
CEANOTHUS Americanus. Jersey Tea. 11/2 to 2 ft. \$0 25		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Americanus, var. Fendleri—	1 00	
Americanus, var. Fendleri— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	5	
CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis— 2½ to 3 ft	0 50	@90 00
$3\frac{7}{8}$ to 4 ft		\$20 00 25 00
4 to 5 ft		30 00
CERCIS. See, also, Deciduous Trees.		
Japonica. Japan Judas— 2 to 3 ft	5 00	
Exceptionally fine stock.	9 00	
CHIONANTHUS Virginica. White Fringe—	•	
2½ to 3 ft. Bushy + 50 3 to 4 ft. Bushy +		FO 00
3 to 4 ft. Bushy		50 00 75 00
5 to 6 ft		100 00
7 to 8 ft+ 2 50		
CLETHRA alnifolla. Sweet Pepperbush—	9 50	17 50
2 to 2½ ft		$\begin{array}{cccc} 17 & 50 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Broad and bushy 60		20 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy 75		
COLUTEA arborescens. Bladder Senna — 4 to 5 ft	4 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft		30 00
COMPTONIA asplenifolia. Sweet Fern. 1½ to 2 ft 35		25 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 00	30 00
CORCHORUS Japonicus. Single Globe Flower— 2 to 2½ ft	3 50	25 00
Japonica, fl. pl. (Double Kerria)	0 00	20 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots $	3 50	25 00
Japonicus, var. variegata. (Variegated Leaves). 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50		
Leaves). 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50 CORNUS. See, also, <i>Trees</i> .		
alba. Siberian Red-twigged Dogwood-		
1½ to 2 ft	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	15 00
$2\frac{7}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft.; very heavy		25 00
3½ to 4 ft.; very heavy 75		30 00
3½ to 4 ft.; very heavy	7 50	
alba; syn., Siberica, var. aurea variegata— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
alba, var. elegantissima. Golden-leaved-		
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft		
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		30 00
5 to 6 ft		40 00
6 to 7 ft	6 00	50 00
Kousa (Benthamia Japonica)— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	8 50	
Mas. Cornelian Cherry. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 25	2 00	
2 to 2½ ft	3 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	3 50	35 00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft.; very heavy	7.50	50 00
6 to 10 ft. Specimens + \$1.50 to 2 50		

		40	400
	ach	10	100
CORNUS paniculata. 2½ to 3 ft	50	\$3 00 4 00	
4 to 5 ft	75	$\hat{5} \ \check{0}\check{0}$	
5 to 6 ft	1 00	7 50	
sanguinea. European Osier Dogwood—		0.00	04= 00
2 to 2½ ft. Heavy	25	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	\$15 00
3½ to 4 ft. Heavy	35 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft. Heavy	75	5 00	35 00
5 to 6 ft. Heavysericea. Silky Dogwood. 3 to 3½ ft	35	3 00	20 00
3½ to 4 it	50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	35 00
6 to 7 ftstolonifera. Native Red Osier—	1 00	7 50	50 00
stolonifera. Native Red Osier— $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	$\frac{25}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	60	5 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	35 00
	1 00	7 50	50 00
stolonifera, var. aurea. Golden-barked— 2 to 2½ ft	35	3 00	20 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.}$	50	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{60}{50}$	25 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	5 00	35 00
CORYLUS Americana. American Hazel-			
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	3 50	
Avellana, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Haze	I—	4 00	
1½ to 2 ft	50	4 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3 00	20 00
3^2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 50	30 00
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{6}$ ft	1 00	7 50	60 00
COTONEASTER frigida, var. bacillaris.—	0=		
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots \\ 4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{4} \text{ ft.} \end{array}$	$\frac{35}{50}$		
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	90		
CYDONIA Japonica. Japan Quince. 2 to 2½ ft	35	3 00	
DESMODIUM penduliflorum. See Lespedeza Sieboldi.			
DEUTZIA candidissima (Double White). $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	75 75	$\begin{array}{cccc} 5 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	40 00
crenata, var. Pride of Rochester—	10	0 00	40 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	3 50	
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	35 00
erenata, var. Waterer. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{60}{75}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 to 6 ft	50	3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	25 00
gracilis. Dwarf Deutzia—			
15 to 18 in.; very heavy	50	4 00	20 00
18 to 24 in	75	$\frac{6}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	30 60
24 to 30 in	$\frac{1}{35}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35 00 20 00
18 to 24 in	50	4 00	25 00 25 00
24 to 30 in	75	$\hat{6}$ $\check{0}\check{0}$	35 00
36 to 4 0 in	1 00	7 50	50 00

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	75 \$6 00 735 35 50 4 75 57 600 75 600	00 \$ 50 00 00 00 00 50 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	100 30 00 35 00 20 00 35 00 50 00 20 00 25 00 35 00 50 00 15 00 20 00 35 00 35 00 35 00
DIERVILLA (Weigela) florida, var. amabilis— 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 6 to 7 ft. 1 florida; syn., rosea. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 1 to 4 ft. 1 to 5 ft. 1 florida, var. candida. 1 to 1 ft. 1 florida, var. candida. 1 to 1 ft. 1 f	75 6 35 2 50 4 75 5 35 3 50 4	50 00 00 00 00 00	40 00 30 00 40 00
3 to 3½ ft. 5 to 6 ft. florida, var. Sieboldi alba. 4 to 5 ft floribunda Lavallei. 5 to 6 ft 7 to 8 ft. Japonica (syn., hortensis), var. floribunda. 4 to 5 ft.	75 6 75 6 50 4 75 6 50 4	00 4 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	30 00 40 00 30 00 40 00 25 00
5 to 6 ft. Japonica, var. Eva Rathke. 2 to 2½ ft	35 3 50 3 75 6 50 4 75 5 50 4	50 00 00 00 00 00 8	20 00 25 00 30 00 30 00 35 00
Grænewegeni. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft. Grænewegeni, var. Mad. Contourier. (Hybrid). 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. Grænewegeni, var. Steltzneri. 3½ to 4 ft.	50 4 75 6 35 3 50 4 75 5 50 4	00 3 00 4 00 00 2 00 3 00 2	30 00 40 00 25 00 30 00 25 00 30 00
$5 ext{ to } 6 ext{ ft.} \qquad 1 ext{ } 6$ Grænewegeni, var. Van Houttei— $3 ext{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft.} \qquad . \qquad$	00 7 35 50 75 6 35 3	50 5 00 4 00 4	40 00 30 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 2 50 3 75 5 35 3	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00 \\ 50 \\ 00 \\ 00 \\ \end{array}$	35 00 25 00 35 00 20 00 25 00

TATOL LIGHT TON THELE OF TOTAL		00
Each 5 to 6 ft	10 \$3 00 4 00 6 00 3 00 4 00 6 00 10 00 17 50 7 50 13 50 22 50 30 00	\$25 00 30 00 50 00
## Americana. Strawberry Bush— 3 to 4 ft	3 00 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 12 50 3 00 5 00 5 00 2 50 6 00 2 50 4 00 7 50 3 00 4 00 7 50 3 00 4 00 7 50 3 00 4 00 7 50 8 00 9 00	25 00 25 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 20 00 25 00 35 00 75 00 20 00 20 00 40 00 20 00 40 00 20 00 50 00 50 00 50 00
4 to 5 ft. 75 HAMAMELIS Japonica. Japanese Witch Hazel— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 35 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 50	6 00 3 00 4 00	25 00 35 00
Virginiana. Witch Hazel. 4 to 5 ft 50 5 to 6 ft.; heavy 75 6 to 7 ft.; heavy 1 00	4 00 6 00 7 50	35 00 50 00 60 00
HIBISCUS Syriacus. Althea; Rose of Sharon—alba plena. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 00 4 00 4 00 5 00 4 00 4 00 6 00 5 00	25 00 25 00 30 00 40 00 30 00 25 00 40 00 35 00

	Each	10	100
HIBISCUS purpureus folis argentea marginata—	e0 9=	00 00	000 00
$\begin{array}{c} 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ 4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \end{array}$		\$3 00 4 00	\$20 00 30 00
totus albus. 3 to 3½ ft	50	4 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft violacea (semi-plena). 4 to 5 ft	75	5 00 4 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
HIPPOPHAE rhamnoides. See Buckthorn.	50	4 00	99 UU
2½ to 3 ft	50	2 50	20 00
HYDRANGEA arborescens. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		4 00	30 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	6 00	50 00
arborescens, var. grandiflora—	75	6 00	50 00
3 to 4 ft	-	0 00	00 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; 4-in. pot	75		
Hortensis, var. Utaska. 3-year Hortensis, var. Japonica. 1 ft	75 75		
paniculata. 4 to 5 ft	35	3 00	
paniculata. 4 to 5 ft 5 to 6 ft.; very heavy	50	4 00	35 00
		$\begin{array}{cccc} 6 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{40}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
paniculata grandiflora. 3 to 3½ ft 3½ to 4 ft.	75	6 00	35 00
4 to 4† ft.: extra heavy	1 00	7 50	50 00
4½ to 5 ft.; extra heavy quercifolia. Oak-leaved—	1 50	12 50	60 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 00	8 50	75 00
HYPERICUM aureum. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		3 50	30 00
calcinum. Aaron's Beard. 1½ to 2 ft	50	4 00	
hircinum. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 50	25 00
10 to 12 in	50	2 50	
10 to 12 in prolificum. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 50	25 00
$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	75	5 00	
ILEX Sieboldi. Red-fruited. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13 50 13 50	
verticillata. Winter Berry. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		2 00	17 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	25 00
2½ to 3 ft	50	4 00	35 00
ITEA Virginica. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 50 \\ & 75 \end{array}$	3 00 6 00	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 00 \\ 40 & 00 \end{array}$
JASMINUM nudiflorum. Yellow Jasmine—		0 00	10 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	50	3 50	
officinale. Hardy White Jasmine—	=0	9 50	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 50	
LESPEDEZA bicolor. 2 to 3 ft	35	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 ft		4 00	25 00
Sieboldi; syn., Desmodium Japonicum			
Heavy clumps	35 50	3 00	
Sieboldi, var. alba. Heavy clumps. LIGUSTRUM Amurense. Amoor Privet. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ f		3 00	
6 to 8 ft	1 00	8 50	
8 to 9 ft \$1.50	to 2 50		
ciliatum. Sold by many for Ibota— 3 to 3½ ft. Broad and heavy	50	3 50	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Broad and heavy	60	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft. Broad and heavy	75	5 00	35 00

	PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 19	10	41
	Eac	h 10	100
LIGUSTRUM	2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 4 to 5 ft.; heavy 5 to 6 ft.	25 \$2 0 35 3 0 50 3 5 60 4 0 75 6 0 00 8 5	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 15 & 00 \\ 0 & 20 & 00 \\ 0 & 30 & 00 \\ 0 & 50 & 00 \end{array}$
	$\begin{array}{c} 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to 2 ft.; heavy} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to 3 ft.; heavy} \\ 4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ 5 \text{ to } 5\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ 1 \text{ lucidum. 2 to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ \text{media. 4 to 5 ft.} \end{array}$	50 4 0 75 6 0 00 7 5 25 10 0 75 5 0 75 5 0	0 25 00 0 35 00 0 60 00
	2 to 2½ ft.; bushy 1000, \$40+ 2½ to 3 ft.; bushy 1000, \$60+ 3 to 3½ ft.; bushy 1000, \$75+ 3½ to 4 ft.; bushy 1000, \$100+ 4 to 5 ft.; bushy 1000, \$100+ 5 to 6 ft.; bushy 1000 prints	25 1 0 35 1 5 50 2 5 60 4 0 75 5 0	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 10 & 00 \\ 0 & 15 & 00 \\ 0 & 20 & 00 \end{array}$
LONICERA 1	3½ to 4 ft. vulgaris. Common Privet. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. fragrantissima. Chinese Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle. 2½ to 3 ft.	50 3 5 75 4 0 35 3 0 4 0 25 2 0 35 3 0	0 00 00 25 00 30 00 00 15 00
	4 to 5 ft.; heavy		35 00



A Portion of the Propagating Grounds at Andorra.

			400
LONICERA Morrowi. Japanese Bush Honeysuckle-	Each	10	100
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	75 1 00 50	\$3 00 5 00 6 00 3 50 5 00	\$20 00 35 00 40 00 25 00 35 00
Standishi. Štandish's Honeysuckle— 3 to 3½ ft. Tatarica, assorted. 3 to 3½ ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 8 ft.; heavy Tatarica (rubra). 3 to 3½ ft. 6 to 7 ft. Tatarica, var. alba. 2 to 2½ ft. 4 to 5 ft.; heavy Tatarica, var. bella albida. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. Tatarica, var. gracilis. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. Tatarica, var. Chrysanthera. 2 to 2½ ft. 5 to 6 ft. Tatarica, var. Splendens. 2 to 2½ ft. 5 to 6 ft. Tatarica, var. splendens. 2 to 2½ ft. 5 to 6 ft.	35 50 75 1 00 50 75 35 50 75 1 00 50 75 35	6 00 2 50 3 00 5 00 6 00 3 50 5 00 3 50 6 00 4 00 7 50 4 00 3 50 6 00 3 50 5 00 5 00 6 00 4 00 6 00 3 50 5 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6	25 00 30 00 40 00 40 00 30 00 40 00 25 00 35 00 25 00 30 00 35 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00
LYCIUM Chinense. Matrimony Vine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{35}{50}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$	15 00 20 00
	35 50 50	3 00 4 00 4 00	25 00
PAVIA parviflora. See Æsculus, under Shrubs.			
PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Mock Orange— 2 to 2½ ft		3 00 4 00 6 00 4 00	40 00
coronarius, var. Avalanche— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	50	4 00	
coronarius, var. primulæ florus— $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	5 00	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 75 1 00 1 50 35 50 35 50 50	4 00 6 00 7 50 12 50 3 00 4 00 3 00 4 00 3 50	30 00 40 00 60 00 25 00 20 00 30 00 25 00 25 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	35 00

	Each	10	100
POTENTILLA fruticosa. Shrubby Cinquefoil— 2 to 2½ ft	% 0.25	\$3 00	\$20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. 50	3 50	25 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		4 00	
PRUNUS amygdalus communis. Flowering Almond- $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	. 75	5 00	
amygdalus communis, var. rosea		5.00	
PYRUS arbutifolia. Chokeberry. 2½ to 3 ft		5 00 3 00 [,]	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	. 50	4 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	. 75	$\begin{array}{cccc} 5 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		3 50	
RHAMNUS cathartica. Buckthorn. 3 to 4 ft		3 00	15 00
4 to 5 ft. 6 to 7 ft.	-	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
DUADATVOUS Insulation TO 1			
2½ to 3 ft	. 35	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 00
4 to 5 ft. Very heavy	. 75	6 00	40 00
5 to 6 ft. Very heavy		7 50	50 00
RHUS aromatica. Fragrant Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	40 00
3 to 3½ ft	. 1 00	7 50	50 00
copallina. Shining Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. 35	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 00
4 to 5 ft.	. 75	6 00	0= 00
Cotinus. Mist, or Smoke Tree. 2 to 3 ft 3½ to 4 ft.		3 00 4 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft	. 75	6 00 7 50	40.00
6 to 8 ft	. 1 00	7 50	40 00
2½ to 3 ft		4 00 6 00	
6 to 7 ft		12 50	
RIBES aureum. Golden Currant. 3½ to 4 ft		3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft		$\frac{4}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	
ROBINIA hispida. Rose Acacia. 2½ to 3 ft		2 50	20 00
RUBUS Canadensis. 2 to 3 ft	. 35	2 00	12 50
odoratus, 2½ to 3 ft	. 25	2 00 3 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
		1 50	10 00
SAMBUCUS Canadensis. 1½ to 2 ft	. 1 50	12 50	10 00
nigra, var. aurea. Golden Elder— 1½ to 2 ft.	. 50	3 50	15 00
4 to 5 ft. Very heavy	. 60	4 00	35 00
5 to 6 ft. Very heavy nigra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Elder-	. 75	5 00	40 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. 35		
3 to 4 ft			
2 to 2½ ft	. 50	3 00	15 00

	ach	10	100
SPIRÆA arguta. 3 to 3½ ft	0 35 50	\$2 50 3 50	\$20 00 25 00
Billardii. 4 to 5 ft.	35	3 00	25 00 25 00
5 to 6 ft	50	3 50	30 00
Bumalda. 2 ft	35 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
3 ft	75	$\stackrel{1}{6} \stackrel{\circ}{00}$	
Bumalda, var. Anthony Waterer— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	
$\overset{1}{2}$ to $\overset{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy	$\frac{25}{35}$	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	20 00
$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c$	$\frac{50}{75}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy	50	3 50	30 00
callosa, var. alba. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	2 5 00
crispifolia; syn., bullata. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 00	
Japonica, var. Fortunei rosea. 2 to 3 ft Hyb. Margarite. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 35	3 50 3 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
opulifolia. 3 to 4 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	50 75	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00 50 00
7 to 9 ft	1 50	10 00	75 00
opulifolia, var. aurea. Golden-leaved— 2 to 3 ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to 5 ft. Heavy	75	6 00	35 00
prunifolia flore pleno. Bridal Wreath— 3 to 4 ft	35		
Reevesiana. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft	50 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 to 6 ft		7 50	39 00
salisifolia. 2 to 3 ft	35	2 00	15 00
sorbifolia. 3 to 4 ft	50	3 50	30 00
Thunbergii. Thunberg's Spirea-	35	3 00	25 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 50	4 00	30 00
2½ to 3 ft. Very heavy	75	6 00	40 00
Van Houttei. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35 50	4 00	
4 to 5 ft FINE	75	5 00	35 00
	$\frac{1}{35}$	8 50	50 00
STAPHYLEA Colchica. Bladder Nut. 3 to 3½ ft 3½ to 4 ft	50 50	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	40 00
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Heavy	35 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
3½ to 4 ft. Heavy	75	6 00	50 00
STYRAX Japonica. 3½ to 4 ft	75	6 00 8 50	50 00 75 00
4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 8 50 \\ 12 50 \end{array} $	19 00

7 50

12 50

8 50

. 1 00

2 to 4 ft.

60 00

in a second translation		
Each	10	100
SYRINGA Souvenir de Ludwig Spæth. Single red—	00.00	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} \$6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 50	
	12 00	
TAMARIX Africana; syn., parviflora— 3 to 4 ft	3 00	
4 to 5 ft 50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	5 00	
Gallica. 3 to 4 ft	3 00	\$25 00
4 to 5 ft 50	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft	6 00	
Gallica, var. Indica. 5 to 6 ft 50	4 00	30 00
6 to 7 ft	5 00	35 00
Japonica plumosa. 2 to 3 ft	3 00	95 00
3 to 4 ft	$\frac{4}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
	5 00	00 00
VACCINIUM corymbosum. Swamp Huckleberry—		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		
VIBURNUM acerifolium. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.} \qquad 75$	5 00	30 00
cassanoides. White Rod—	e 00	35 00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	50 00
dentatum. Arrow-wood. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50	4 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	6 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy 1 00	8 50	40 00
5 to 6 ft	12 50	75 00
Lantana. Wayfaring Tree-		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft,	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 00 30 00
3½ to 4 ft.; heavy	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy 1 00	8 50	60 00
Lentago. Sheep-berry. 4 to 5 ft 50	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft 75	6 00	40 00
7 to 8 ft 1 50	12 50	75 00
molle. 1½ to 2 ft	4 00	
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{6}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	60 00
5 to 6 ft	12 50	75 00
Opulus. High Cranberry Bush—	12 00	10 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 50	30 00
3 to 4 ft. Fine 50	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft. Fine	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \end{array}$	50 00 75 00
5 to 6 ft. Fine	0 00	75 00
Opulus, var. sterile. Guelder Rose— 2 to 3 ft	3 00	
3 to 3½ ft	4 00	
4 to 5 ft 75	6 00	40 00
5 to 6 ft 1 00	7 50	50 00
plicatum. Japanese Snowball—	F 00	0 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	35 00 60 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 50	00 00

	Each	10
CELASTRUS scandens. False Bitter-sweet-		
2 to 3 ftper 100, \$15 3 to 5 ft.; heavy; field-grown	75	\$3 50 5 00
CLEMATIS coccinea. 4-in. pots	35	3 00
Flammula. Sweet Clematis. 4-in. pots	75 35	6 00 3 00
Large-flowering varieties.—Fairy Queen, Gem, Henryi, Jackmani, Jackmani var. alba,	00	0 00
Henryi, Jackmani, Jackmani var. alba,		
Jeanne d'Arc, Duchess of Edinburgh, Ker- mesing Lady Navilla Lilagina floribunda		
Jeanne d'Arc, Duchess of Edinburgh, Ker- mesina, Lady Neville, Lilacina floribunda, Madame Van Houtte, Miss Bateman, Presi-		
dent	50	4 00
paniculata. 2-year; heavyper 100, \$15 5-in. pots; fine	30	2 50 3 50
DOLICHOS. See Pueraria.	30	9 00
EUONYMUS radicans. 1 ft.: field-grownper 100, \$10	25	1.75
1½ to 2 ft.; field-grown per 100, \$15	$\frac{35}{25}$	2 50
HEDERA Helix. English Ivy. 4-in. potsper 100, \$15 LATHYRUS latifolius. Everlasting Pea	35	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{50}{50}$
LONICERA Japonica. Honeysuckle. 4-in. pots	35	2 50 2 00 2 50 2 50
3-year; field-grown	35	3 00
grown syn., nexuosa. Field-	35	3 00
Japonica, var. aurea reticulata. 4-in. pots	35	3 00
Japonica, var. Chinensis. Purplish green foliage-	05	9.00
4-in. pots Heavy, field-grown	25 35	3 00
Japonica, var. Halleana. 4-in. pots	25	2 00 3 00 2 00 3 00
Japonica, var. Halleana. 4-in. pots 5-in. pots	35	3 00
3-year old, field-grownsempervirens, var. fuchsioides. Scarlet Trumpet—	35	3 00
D-IN DOIS	50	3 50
PERIPLOCA Græca. Silk Vine. Field-grown	35	3 00
5-in. pots PUERARIA Thunbergiana; syn., Dolichos Japonicus. Kudzu	50	4 00
Vine. In pots+	1 00	7 50
TECOMA. See Bignonia.		6 00
VITIS æstivalis. Summer Grape. 5-in. pots	75 75	6 00
Labrusca. Fox Grape. 4-in. pots riparia. Frost Grape. 4-in. pots	50	4 00
riparia. Frost Grape. 4-in. pots	50	3 50
WISTARIA Chinensis. Chinese Wistaria— 2 to 3 ft.; in large pots	1 50	12 50
3 to 4 ft.: field grown	1 00	7 50
4 to 6 ft.; field-grown	3 50	12 50
Chinensis, var. alba. Field-grown. 3 to 4 ft 4 to 6 ft.	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{12}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
6 to 8 ft	3 50	32 50
frutescens. 3 to 4 ft	1 00	
4 to 6 ft	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	
multijuga. 2 to 3 ft.; field-grown	75	5 00
multijuga. 2 to 3 ft.; field-grown 3 to 4 ft.; field-grown 4 to 6 ft.; field-grown	1 50	12 50
multijuga, var. alba. Field-grown. 2 to 3 ft	3 50	6 00
3 to 4 ft	T 00	0 30
4 to 6 ft\$1.50 to	3 50	

FRUIT DEPARTMENT		
	lach	10
chan, Summer Rambo, Sweet Bough, Benoin, Yellow Transparent.		
Autumn—Fall Pippin, Gravenstein, Maiden's Blush,		
Smokehouse, Wealthy. Winter—Baldwin, Belle-fleur, Fallawater, King of		
Tompkins County, Northern Spy, Rhode Island Greening, Styman's Winesap, York Imperial.		
5 to 7 ft.; \(\frac{3}{4}\) to 1 in. cal\$.	L 00	\$ 6 00
5 to 7 ft.; \(\frac{3}{4}\) to 1 in. cal\\$. Crab—Hyslop, Large Red Siberian, Large Yelow Siberian, Transcendent. 5 to 7 ft.	00	6 00
Empress Eugenie, May Duke, Late Duke,		
Montmorency, 5 to 6 ft	L 50	10 00
Tartarian. Governor Wood, Napoleon Bi- garreau, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Windsor.		
NUTS, American Sweet Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees.	L 50	10 00
Spanish Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees.		
Spanish Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees. Hybrid Chestnut. Paragon, Numbo. 4 to 5 ft. Japan Chestnut. 3 to 4 ft.	L 50 L 00	12 50
wainut, Black. See Jugians nigra, under Deciauous Trees.		
PEACHES—Belle of Georgia, Fitzgerald, Fox's Seedling, Crawford's Late, Elberta, Mountain Rose, Morris White, Oldmixon Free, Stump the		
world, Susquenanna, Troth's Early, Wheat-		
land. 5 to 6 ft per 100, \$30 PEARS, Summer—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Doyenne d'Ete.	50	3 50
Autumn and Winter—Beurre d'Anjou, Buffum, Duchesse d'Angouleme, Howell, Kieffer's Hybrid,		
Lawrence, Rutter, Seckel, Sheldon, Worden-	. =0	40.00
Seckel. 5 to 6 ft. A few varieties, 6 to 8 ft.	2 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
PLUMS, Japanese—Abundance, Burbank, Chabot, Satsuma. 5 to 6 ft	1 00	7 50
5 to 6 ft. European—Giant Prune, Imperial Gage, Lombard. QUINCES—Champion, Orange. 3 to 4 ft.	75	6 00
		0 00
SMALL FRUITS		
	lach	10
BLACKBERRIES—Eldorado, Erie, Kittatinny, Rathbun, Snyder, Wilson Juniorper 100, \$3		\$0 50
CURRANTS, Red—Cherry, Fay's Prolific; White—White Grape; Black—Lee's Prolific \$	0 25	2 00
GRAPES, Black—Concord, Moore's Early, Worden; Red—Graphen, Niagara, Pocklington. 2-year	25	2 00
GRAPES, Black—Concord, Moore's Early, Worden; Red—	20	2 00
Mountain, Niagara, Pocklington. 2-year	25	2 00 3 00
DACDDEDDIES Diok Charge Dod Cuthbert Columbian	$\tilde{50}$	3 00
Ruby; Yellow — Golden Queen, per 100, \$3		50
100, 49		00

STRAWBERRIES, Early—Bederwood, Marshall; Medium—
Bubach, Glen Mary, Sharpless,
Late—Brandywine, Gandy, Runners, per 100, \$2: per 1,000, \$7.50.
Potted plants, per 100, \$3 to \$4.

ESCULENT ROOTS

ROSES

N. B.—Potted unless noted. Special prices per hundr	bon	
		4.0
HYBRIDS Penzance Briers-Amy Robsart, Anne of Geierstein,		10 \$3 50 3 50
Brenda, Flora McIvor, Lady Penzance, Lord Penzance, Meg Merrilies, Minna	50	4 50
tiflora, nitida, rubrifolia, field-grown	35	3 00
Lady Gay, Prairie Queen	50 35	3 50 3 00
Dawson (carmine) Hybrid Teas—Bessie Brown, creamy white; Betty, ruddy gold; Captain Christy, flesh; Caroline Testout, rose; Countess of Caledon, carmine; Duchesse of Albany, deep pink; Gladys Harkness, salmon-pink; Gruss an Teplitz, crimson; Kaiserine Auguste Victoria, primrose; Killarney, pink; La France, rose; Madame Ravary, yellow;	40	3 50
Souvenir du President Carnot, flesh-rose; Viscountess Folkestone, creamy pink	50	4 50
Malmaison (Bourbon), flesh; White Maman Cochet (Tea), white	50	4 50
	50	4 00
son; Zenobia, rose	50	4 00

PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 1910		91
RUGOSA ROSES		400
### Each ### Each ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #	\$3 00 4 00 6 00 4 00 6 00	\$20 00 \$5 00 50 00 25 00 50 00
grown	4 00	
WICHURAIANA ROSES		
ROSA Wichuraiana. The Trailing Rose. 2 to 3 ft. \$0 25 2 to 3 ft. In 4-in. pots	\$2 00 3 00	\$25 00
Perfection, Universal Favorite. In pots. 50 SINGLE ROSES, Dickson's Hybrids—New Irish Beauty, Irish Glory, Irish Modesty, Irish Bright-	3 50	
ness	6 00	
HARDY HERBACEOUS PL	ANT	S
Each	10	100
ACHILLEA filipendulina (Noble Yarrow). July. Golden Yellow. 2 ft\$0 15	\$1 25	\$10 00
millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil).		•
millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil). July to September. Pink. 1½ ft 15	1 25	•
ACHILLEA filipendulina (Noble Yarrow). July. Golden Yellow. 2 ft	•	10 00
White 2 ft	1 25	
White 2 ft	1 25 1 25	
White 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00	10 00
White 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50	10 00
White 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50	10 00 15 00
White. 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50	10 00 15 00 12 50
White. 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50	10 00 15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	10 00 15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 2 50	10 00 15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 2 50 1 50 1 50	10 00 15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft	1 25 1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 2 50 1 50 2 50 1 50 2 50	10 00 15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50



Partial view of Herbaceous Plantations

ANEMONE Japonica, var. Whirlwind. Fall. Pure	ach	10	100
white. 2 to 3 ft\$0	25.	\$2 00	\$15 00
Pennsylvanicum. June and July. White. 1 to 2 ft. Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower). May. Violet-pur-	25	1 50	12 50
ple. 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
sylvestris. May. Pure white. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft ANTHEMIS tinctoria (Chamomile). June to Sep-	25	1 50	12 50
tember. Golden Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
AQUILEGIA baicalense. May to July. Blue and white, 18 in	25	1 50	12 50
Canadensis. (Common Columbine). May to July, Scarlet and Yellow, 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Chrysantha. May to August. Golden Yellow.			
3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
to July. Blue. 18 in	25	2 00	12 50
flabellata, var. nana alba. April to June.	25	2 00	
White. 1 ftnivea grandiflora. April to June. White.	25	2 00	12 50
2 to 3 ft	20	_ ` ` `	
14 to 2 ft	25	2 00	12 50
truncata. May and June. Scarlet, yellow- tipped, 2 ft	25	2 00	12 50
ARABIS alpina (Rock Cress). April and May.	25	1 50	10 00
White 4 inalpina fl. pl. Double	35	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	20 00
ARENARIA montana, var. grandiflora (Sandwort). May and June. White, 6 in	25	1 50	12 50
may and suite. White, o in.			

PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF I	910		99
	Each	10	100
ARMERIA maritima, var. alba (Thrift). Sum-			
mer. White. 9 in\$0		\$1 50	\$10 00
maritima, var. splendens. Summer Rose. 9 in.	25	1 50	12 50
ARTEMISIA abrotanum (Old Man). Silvery white	0=	1 50	40.00
foliage, 2 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
Stelleriana (Old Woman), Silvery foliage, 2 ft.	20	1 90	10 00
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). July and August. Orange. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
ASTER alpinus. June and July. Purple. 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
Amelius elegans. September and October. Blue.	20	7 90	10 00
1½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy) amethystinus. Septem-			
ber and October. Amethyst. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
grandiflorus. October and November. Violet-	0=	0 50	20.00
blue. 2 ft	35 ·	2 50	20 00
White, 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Madonna. September and October. White, 4 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Novæ Angliæ. September and October. Purple.			
4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Novæ Angliæ, var. rubra. September and	25	1 50	10 00
October. Bright rose. 4 ft	20	T 90	10 00
1½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
Robert Parker. September and October. Laven-			
der. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Tataricus, October and November, Purple, 5 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Trinervius. October and November. Violetpurple. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
White Queen September and October. White.		_ 00	20 00
4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
ASTILBE Japonica (Spirea). June. White, 1½ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
ASTRANTIA major (Masterwort). June and July.			
Pale pink. 1 ft	25	2 50	20 00
AUBRETIA Hendersoni (False Wall Cress). April.	0=	4 =0	40 70
Purplish violet. 4 in	25	1 50	12 50
BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo). June and July. Dark blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
tinctoria. June and July. Bright yellow.	20	1 30	10.00
2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
BELEMCANDA Chinensis; syn., Pardanthus. June.			
Orange-red. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
BELLIS perennis (English Daisy) May. White and	0=	·	40.00
pink. 6 to 8 in	25	1 50	10 00
BETONICA. See Stachys.			
BOCCONIA cordata (Plume Poppy), July and August. White, 5 ft	25	1 50	12 50
BOLTONIA asterioides (False Chamomile). August	20	1 90	12 00
and September. White. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
latisquama. August and September. Light			
lilac. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
CALIMERIS incisa (Starwort). July to September.	$\tilde{25}$	1 50	10.00
Light blue. 18 in	20	1 90	10 00

ANDORRA NURSERIES

	Each	10	100
CALLIRHOË involuerata (Poppy Mallow). All			
summer. Rosy crimson. 1 ft	25	\$1 50	\$10 (0)
June to September. Blue. 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
9 in	25	1 50	10 00
Mærheimi. May to July. White. 2 to 2½ ft persicifolia (Peach Bells). June and July.	35	2 50	
Blue. 18 in.	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50	10 00
persicifolia alba. June and July. White. 18 in	25	1 50	10 00
pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). August and September. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
CENTAUREA montana (Perennial Cornflower).	0-	1 70	
June and July. Dark purple. 1½ ft CERASTIUM tomentosum. June and July. White.	25	1 50	
6 in	25	1 50	12 50
CERATOSTIGMA plumbaginoides (Plumbago), Octo-		1 50	12 00
ber and November. Blue. 6 in	25	2 00	15 00
CHELONE Lyoni (Turtlehead). August and Septem-			
ber. Rose-purple. 2 ft	35	2 50	
obliqua, var. alba (Shell-flower). August and September. White. 2 ft	35	2 50	
CHRYSANTHEMUM leucanthemum hybridum	00	2 00	
(Shasta Daisies) Alaska, Čalifornia, Wes-			
tralia. All summer. White. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
maximum, var. Triumph (Moonpenny Daisy).	0-	4 =0	10 ~0
July to October, White, 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
2 ft	35	2 50	
2 ft. Pompon Varieties. Fall. All colors. 1½ to 2 ft. Pompon Varieties. Heavy Stock	25	1 50	10 00
	$\frac{5}{25}$	2 00	15 00
ulignosum. September. White. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
CHRYSOGONUM Virginianum (Golden Joint). June. Yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
CHRYSOPSIS villosa (Golden Aster). September.	-0	1 00	12 00
Yellow. 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
CIMICIFUGA acerinum. August and September.	~~	0 =0	
White. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	
White 2 to 3 ft	35	2 50	15 00
White. 2 to 3 ft. racemosa (Snakeroot). July. White. 3 to 5 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
CINERARIA. See Artemisia.			
CLEMATIS crispa (Leather-flower). June to Sep-	0=	1 =0	10 50
tember. Lavender. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Fragrant 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Fragrant. 3 ftrecta. June to August. White. Fragrant.	05	1 50	10 50
2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ber and October. Deep blue. 18 in	25	1 50	12 50
CONVALLARIA majalis (Lily-of-the-Valley). May			
and June. White. 6 to 9 in	25	2 00	15 00
COREOPSIS lanceolata (Tickseed). June to October.	15	1 25	10 00
Golden yellow. 2 ft	10	1 20	10 00
ber. Pink. 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50

PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 1	010		55
		10	100
DELPHINIUM Chinense (Larkspur), July to Sep-	lach	10	100
tember. Blue. 1½ ft	25	\$1 50	\$10 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
elatum (Bee Larkspur). June to August. Blue.	25	1 50	10 00
formosum (Larkspur). June to September. Deep blue. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
DIANTHUS barbatus (Sweet William). May to July.			
Mixed colors. 1½ ft deltoides (Maiden Pink). June. Pink. 4 in	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
latifolius. June. Red. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
plumarius (Hardy Pinks), May and June. 1 ft. Varieties:	25	2 00	15 00
Delicata. Rose, with fringed petals.			
Delicata. Rose, with fringed petals. Laura Wilmer. White, with maroon center. Her Majesty. White. Mrs. Sinkins. White.			
Mrs. Sinkins. White. Stanislaus. Violet-rose, with crimson center.			
DICENTRA eximia (Seal-flower). June to August.	~		
Pink. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Pink. 1 ft. spectabilis (Bleeding-heart). May and June. Pink. 2 to 3 ft. DICTAMNUS fervinella (Cas Plant). Type Purple	25	2 00	12 50
DICTAMNUS fraxinella (Gas Plant). June. Purple.	35	2 50	15 00
fraxinella, var. alba. June. White. 3 ft	35	2 50	15 00
Pale yellow. 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
purpurea (Common Foxglove). June and July.	25	1 50	10 00
Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ftpurpurea, var. gloxiniæflora. June and July. Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00
DORONICUM Austriacum. April and May. Yellow.			
plantagineum, var. excelsum. April to June.	35	2 50	15 00
Yellow. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
September. Rosy purple. 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ERIGERON speciosus (Fleabane). June to August. Violet-blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ERYNGIUM amethystinum (Sea Holly). July to			10 00
September, Amethyst-blue. 2 ft EUPATORIUM ageratoides (White Snakeroot). Sep-	35	2 50	
tember and October. White, 3 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	1 50	12 50
cœlestinum. Fall. Light blue. 2 ft EUPHORBIA corollata (Spurge). July to Septem-	25	1 50	
ber. White, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
FEVERFEW, Little Gem. June to October. White.	25	1 50	10 00
FUNKIA Fortunei (Day Lily). July to August. Blue.	25	1 50	12 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
subcordata, var. grandiflora. September. White. Fragrant. 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
undulata, var. media picta variegata. July and August. Lilac. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50

	lach	10	100
GAILLARDIA grandiflora (Blanket-flower). June to November. Yellow. 1½ ft\$0	25	\$1 50	\$10 00
GALEGA officinalis (Goat's Rue). July and August. Blue. 2 ft officinalis, var. alba. July and August. White.	25	1 50	10 00
2 It	25	1 50	10 00
GERANIUM sanguineum (Cranesbill). June to September. Red. 1½ ft	25	1 50	
GEUM coccineum (Avens). June and July. Scarlet.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{15}{15} \frac{00}{00}$
Heldrechi. June. Orange. 18 in	$\frac{2.5}{25}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	15 00
white. July. 3 ft	35	2 50	
GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath). July. White. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
HELENIUM, pumilum (Sneezewort). July to Octo-			
ber. Yellow. 1½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
Yellow. 4 ftgrandicephalum, var. striatum. August to Octo-	25	1 50	10 00
ber. Orange. 3 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflowers) giganteus. August to October. Pale yellow. 6 to 10 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Maximiliana. September. Deep yellow. 6 to 8 ft. mollis. September and October. Golden yellow.	$\overline{25}$	1 50	10 00
4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
multiflorus fl. pl. July and August. Golden yellow. 4 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
orgyalis. September and October. Golden yellow. 6 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
rigidus. July to October. Golden yellow. 3 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
ber, Golden yellow, 6 ftrigidus, var. Wolly Dodd. September. Deep	25	1 50	10 00
VCHOW. O IL	25	1 50	10 00
HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana. June to October. Orange- yellow. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
HELLEBORUS niger (Christmas Rose). March. White. 6 in	35	3 00	
niger, var. atrorubens. March. Purple. 9 in	35	3 00	
HEMEROCALLIS Dumortieri (Yellow Day Lily). June and July. Orange-yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
flava. June. Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
tawny yellow. 2½ ft fulva, var. Kwanso fl. pl. (Double Orange Lily).	25	1 50	12 50
fulva, var. Kwanso n. pl. (Double Orange Lhy). July and August. Coppery yellow. 2½ ft fulva, var. Thunbergii. August and September.	25	1 50	12 50
fulva, var. Thunbergii. August and September. Lemon-yellow. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
HEPATICA triloba (Liverleaf). April. White and blue. 6 in.	25	1 25	10 00
HEUCHERA sanguinea (Alumroot). June to September, Coral-red, 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00
sanguinea, var. alba. June to September. White.	25	2 00	
18 in	20	2 00	



A field of Japanese Iris at Andorra

		1	
F	Cach	10	100
HIBISCUS militaris. June to September. Buff-yellow.			
18 in	25	\$2 00	
18 in		•	
Rose 5 ft	25	1 50	\$10 00
Machautas van Crimson Eve Tuly to San-		1 00	φ10 00
Rose, 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00
temper, white, o it	20	1 90	10 00
HOLLYHOCKS. See Althæa rosea.			
IBERIS sempervirens (Candytuft). April and May.	0=	4 50	40.00
White, 6 in	25	1 50	10 00
corifolia. April and May. White. 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
INULA Britannica (Fleabane). July to September.			
Light yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
IRIS. For Special Descriptive Lists, consult Calen-			
dar of Hardy Perennials.			
atroviolacea. May. Dark violet. 2 to 2½ ft	35	3 00	
cristata. April and May. Light blue. 6 in	25	1 50	12 50
Planating May Winted white Programt 11 ft	$\tilde{25}$	2 00	12 00
Florentina. May. Tinted white. Fragrant. 12 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	10 00
Germanica. May. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	20	1 90	10 00
lævigata; syn., Kæmpferi (Japanese Iris). June	0=	0.00	4= 00
and July. Our selection, all colors. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
Customer's selection	35	3 00	
Pallida, var. Dalmatica. June. Light blue. 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
Pallida, var. speciosa. June. Indigo-blue.			
2 to 3 ft	35	3 00	25 00
Pseudacorus. June. Yellow. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
pumila nova. May. Various colors. 8 to 10 in.	25	1 50	12 50
	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50	10 00
Sibirica. May and June. Bright blue. 1½ ft.	$\frac{25}{35}$	3 00	
Sibirica, var. alba. June. White. 2 ft. Rare.		3 00	10 00
Sibirica, var. orientalis. May. Deep blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	25	1 50	
tectorum. May, Bright lilac. 1 ft	25	2 00	15 00
F#			

	ach	10	100
KNIPHOFIA aloides (Red-hot Poker). August and September. Crimson. 3 ft\$0 obelisque. July and August. Saffron-yellow.	25	\$1 50	\$12 50
3 to 4 ft	35	2 50	1 5 00
Orange-scarlet. 3 to 4 ft	35	2 50	15 00
LATHYRUS latifolius, var. albus (Hardy White Pea). Summer Climbing	25	2 00	
latifolius, var. roseus. Summer. Rose. Climbing. latifolius, var. splendens. Summer. Climbing	25 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
latifolius, var. Pink Beauty. Summer. Bright	25	2 00	15 00
pink. Climbing	25	1 50	12 50
vera (Lavender). 15 to 18 in	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
LIATRIS graminifolia (Blazing Star), August and			
September, Rosy purple, 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
September Rosy purple. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
spicata (Gay Feather). August and Septem ber. Deep purple. 3 to 4 ft	~~		
	25	1 50	12 50
LILIUM Canadense (Meadow Lily). July. Shades of yellow. 2 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Philadelphicum (Wood Lilv). July and August.	0=	0.00	45 00
Orange-scarlet, 2 to 4 ftspeciosum, var. roseum (Japan Lily). July and	25	2 00	15 00
August. Rosy white. 2 to 4 fttigrinum (Tiger Lily). August. Salmon-red.	25	2 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
LINUM Austriacum (Austrian Flax), June to	~		
August, Bluish purple. 18 in perenne (Perennial Flax). June to September.	25	1 75	
Clear blue. 18 in	25	1 75	
LOBELIA cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). August	25	1 50	12 50
and September. Scarlet. 2 to 3 ft syphilitica (Blue Lobelia). August and Sep-	25	1 50	
tember. Deep blue. 2 ft	20	1 50	
September. Vermilion. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
coronaria (Rose Campion). June and July. Crimson. 1½ to 2 ft	25	1 25	10 00
coronaria, var. aida. June and July. White.			
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
vespertina, var. alba plena (White Campion).			
May to September. White, 1 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
viscaria (Catchfly). June and July. Red. 1½ ft. viscaria, var. splendens. (German Catchfly).	20	1 90	12 90
June and July. Pink. 15 in	25	1 50	12 50
LYSIMACHIA clethroides (Loosestrife). July to September, White. 1½ ft	25	1 25	10 00
nummularia (Moneywort). June to August.			
Yellow. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
LYTHRUM roseum superbum (Rose Loosestrife). July to September, Rose, 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
MERTENSIA pulmonarioides (Virginia Cowslip).	05	4 50	10.00
May and June. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00

2 to 3 ft.....

25

	ach	10	100
PHLOX amena. May. Bright pink. 3 to 4 in\$0 Carolina. May and June. Rosy red. 1 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	\$1 50 1 50	\$10 00
divaricata (Wild Sweet William). May and			
June Lavender 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
See the Calendar of Hardy Perennials for	25	0 00	15 00
Special List. All colorssubulata (Mountain Pink). May and June.	20	2 00	15 00
Rose. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
subulata, var. alba. May and June. White.	20	7 90	10 00
Creening	25	1 50	10 00
Creepingsubulata, var. atropurpurea. May and June.		. 00	10 00
Purple. Creeping	25	1 50	
Subulata, var. Illacina, May, Lilac Creening	25	1 50	12 50
subulata, var. Nelsoni. May and June. Pure	~~		
white. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
subulata, var. Model. May and June. Rosy	05	4 50	40.00
write. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
PHYSOSTEGIA Virginiana (False Dragonhead).	0=		
August. Deep rose. 3 ft.	25	1 50	40.00
Virginiana, var. alba. August. White. 3 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50 1 50	10 00
Virginiana, var. speciosa. August. Pink. 3 ft.	20	T 90	10 00
PLATYCODON grandiflorum (Balloon-flower). July.	0=	4 50	
grandiflarum war album Tuly White 11 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	
Blue. 1½ ft	20	1 90	
Blue. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
POLEMONIUM coruleum (Jacob's Ladder), May to	20	÷ 50	. 12 50
	25	2 00	15 00
July. Deep blue. 1½ ft	20	2 00	10 00
cæruleum, var. album. May to July. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	
PRIMULA acaulis (Primrose). May. Yellow.			
6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
capitata (Primrose). Deep lilac. 9 in suaveolens (Cowslip). May. Yellow and	$\overline{25}$	$\tilde{1} \ \tilde{50}$	12 50
suaveolens (Cowslip). May. Yellow and			
orange. I II	25	1 50	12 50
veris (Polyanthus). May. Yellow and orange-		4	40 50
crimson. 6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
vulgaris (English Primrose). May. Yellow.	25	1 50	12 50
6 to 9 in	20	1 90	12 50
PYRETHRUM roseum (Feverfew). June and July.	25	1 50	10.00
White, pink and red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ftroseum fl. pl. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\frac{25}{35}$	3 00	10 00
	99	3 00	
RANUNCULUS aconitifolius fl. pl. (Crow's-foot).	25	1 50	
June. White. 1½ to 2 ft	40	1 50	
June. Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	
repens (Double Buttercup). May to July.		7 00	
Yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
ROSMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary). Scented			
foliage	25	1 50	
RUDBECKIA laciniata, var. Golden Glow. July to			
September Vellow 8 ft	25	1 25	10 00
September. Yellow. 8 ft	$\overline{25}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	10 00
nitida (Cone-flower). August and September.			
Pale yellow, 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00

TANACETUM globiferum (Tansy). August. Golden yellow. 3 ft.....

50

25

3 50

1 50

10.00

THAT I STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	Each	10	100
THALICTRUM adiantifolium (Meadow Rue). June. Yellow. 18 in	95	\$ 1 50	\$10 00
aquilegifolium (Feathered Columbine). June.		\$1.00	\$10.00
White. 2 to 4 ft	25	1 50	
polyganum (Tall Rue). June. White. 3 to 4 ft. purpurascens. June to August. Purple. 3 to	$\overline{25}$	1 50	
4 ft.	25	1 50	
THERMOPSIS Caroliniana. June. Yellow. 3 to			
4 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	
THYMUS montanus, var. coccineus (Scarlet Thyme).	20	1 00	
May, Bright red. 4 in.	25	1 50	
vulgaris (Common Thyme). May. Lilac. 1 to 2 ft.	25	1 25	
TRADESCANTIA Virginiana (Spiderwort). June to	20	1, 20	
October. Purple. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Virginiana, var. alba. June and July. White.	25	1 50	12 50
7 ft	20	1 90	12 00
April. Purple. 9 to 12 in	25	1 50	
grandiflorum (Wood Lily), March and April.	0=	1 50	
White. 9 to 12 in. TROLLIUS Europæus (Globe-flower). May to August.	25	1 50	
Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
VALERIANA coccinea (Valerian). June to October.			
Reddish. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Rose-pink, 2 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50	10 00
rubra. June to October. Red. 2 ft	25	1 50	19 00
VERBASCUM Olympicum (Mullein). July to September. Yellow. 6 ft	25	1 50	12 50
VERNONIA Arkansana (Ironweed). August to Octo-	20	1 90	12 00
ber. Red. 5 ft	25	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	
Baldwini. August to October. Purple. 4 ft	25	2 00	
VERONICA longifolia, var. rosea (Speedwell). July to October. Rose. 1½ ft	25	1 50	
longifolia, var. subsessilis. August to Novem-			
ber. Deep blue, 1½ to 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Blue Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
Blue Spreading	25	1 50	10.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Virginica. August to September. White, 4 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{10}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
VINCA minor (Periwinkle). May. Bright blue.			20 00
Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
VIOLA pedata, var. bicolor (Bird's-foot Violet).	25	1 50	12 50
May. Purple and White. 4 in	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\stackrel{1}{1}\stackrel{50}{25}$	10 00

A CALENDAR OF PERENNIALS

This booklet, in a revised edition, with monthly lists, and special lists of Phlox, Iris, Peonies and Chrysanthemums, will be found valuable in arranging hardy gardens.

FERNS

ADIANTUM pedatum (Maidenhair Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Moist, shaded positions. ASPIDIUM acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Evergreen. Dry or moist soils in shady places.

Felix-mas (Male Fern). 2 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

Goldianum. 2 to 4 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

marginale. Evergreen. 1 to 2 ft. Shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

ASPLENIUM Filix-fæmina (Lady Fern). 2 to 3 ft. Open or shaded positions, in moist or dry soils.

BOTRYCHIUM Virginianum (Moonwort). 6 to 12 in. Shaded positions, moist or dry soils.

DICKSONIA punctilobula (Boulder Fern). 2 to 3 ft. For open positions; forms large plantations. **ONOCLEA** sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). 1 to 2 ft. For open planting and wet soils. Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). 2 to 4 ft. For open positions, dry or moist soils. **OSMUNDA** gracilis (Flowering Fern). 2 to 4 ft. Open or shaded positions, and moist soils. Claytoniana. 2 to 5 ft. For open plantings, dry or moist soils. cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). 2 to 5 ft. For open or shaded positions, in wet soils. WOODSIA obtusa. 6 to 12 in. Shady places, in moist soil.
WOODWARDIA angustifolia (Chain Fern). 1 ft. Open or shaded positions, in moist soils.

The above varieties, 25 cts. each, \$2 per 10, \$15 per 100. The above collection, 15 varieties, \$3. 100 in 5 varieties, our selection, \$12.50. HEDGE PLANTS We shall be pleased to name special prices for plants in quantity for hedging purposes. **EVERGREEN TREES** SEE PAGE Thuya occidentalis 13 Biota orientalis 4 Picea excelsa 7 occidentalis Wareana 14 Tsuga Canadensis 14 **DECIDUOUS TREES** Carpinus Americana 24 Cratægus Oxyacantha 26

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Ilex crenata microphylla 17
Mahonia aquifolia 17
Japonica 17

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- HINTS FOR SUCCESSFUL PLANTING, BOOKLET No. 30. Does not aim to cover every point that may arise, but it gives the principles in such a way that any one, by following its directions, can secure the best results.
- A CALENDAR OF HARDY PERENNIALS, BOOKLET No. 33-26, with special lists of Iris, Phlox, Peonies and Chrysanthemums. This little booklet gives a complete list of Perennials, and shows in tabulated form their height, color, and months of bloom; invaluable to those planning herbaceous gardens.

MEASURING TREES AND SHRUBS

All trees and shrubs are measured as they stand in the Nursery before digging. In evergreen trees and in evergreen and deciduous shrubs the height is taken from the ground to the top of the plant.

Deciduous trees are measured from the ground to the top of the head, and the caliper or diameter of the trunk is taken above the collar. Measurements are expressed thus: 10 to 12 ft. (height), $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. (caliper).

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Rhodotypus43	Sweet Gum28	Yellow Wood 95
Rhubarb 50	Sweet William 54 60	Yellow Wood25 Yew5, 9, 11, 12
Rhubarb	Sweet William54, 60 Sweet Pepper Bush36	Yucca

Plant for Immediate Effect

Not for Future Generations

Start with large stock—it has taken years of special preparation to grow such Trees and Shrubs as we offer you.

We have done the long waiting—you can secure at once specimens that will give immediate and permanent results.

AS AN EXAMPLE

Note in this Price-List, page 21, Norway Maples, 14 to 20 ft. in height with trunks 4 to 10 in. in diameter. Specimen trees with broad tops and a system of fibrous roots that makes transplanting successful—trees that are sure to grow. Such trees simply "make your place."

AN IMPORTANT POINT

These specimen Trees and Shrubs are Andorra-Grown—they are here at our Nurseries where you may inspect them and reserve such as suit your purpose.

ANDORRA-GROWN MEANS QUALITY
OUALITY IN TREES MEANS SUCCESSFUL PLANTING



Price list of specimen trees, shrubs, roses and fruit: fall 1910 / Andorra Nurseries.

Andorra Nurseries,

1910

Batch: NC15_191



